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<p>(21) International Application Number: PCT/US90/00296 (22) International Filing Date: 16 January 1990 (16.01.90) (30) Priority data: 304,693 31 January 1989 (31.01.89) US (60) Parent Application or Grant (63) Related by Continuation US 304,693 (CIP) Filed on 31 January 1989 (31.01.89)</p> <p>(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): ABBOTT LABORATORIES [US/US]; CHAD 0377/AP6D-2, One Abbott Park Road, Abbott Park, IL 60064-3500 (US).</p>		
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<p>(54) Title: ANAPHYLATOXIN-RECEPTOR LIGANDS</p>		
<p>(57) Abstract</p> <p>Oligopeptide compounds or oligopeptide analogue compounds of the formula A-B-D-E-G-J-L-M-Q-T are ligands for the anaphylatoxin receptor and are useful in the treatment of inflammatory disease states. Also disclosed are anaphylatoxin receptor ligand compositions and a method for modulating anaphylatoxin activity.</p>		

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ANAPHYLATOXIN-RECEPTOR LIGANDS

5

Cross-Reference to Related Applications

This application is a continuation-in-part of copending patent application Serial No. 304,693 filed 31 January 1989.

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Technical Field

This invention relates to organic compounds that modulate anaphylatoxin activity. It also relates to methods and compositions for modulating anaphylatoxin activity in human and animal hosts in need of such treatment.

15

Background of the Invention

A wide variety of conditions including infection by bacteria, viruses or fungi, infiltration by cancer cells, allergic or autoimmune disorders and physically- or chemically-induced trauma causes an inflammatory response in humans. In all of these diseases and conditions in man and in most mammals, activation of the complement system (a set of proteins, regulatory factors and proteolytic enzymes) via either the classical or the alternative pathway results in the generation of biologically active peptides which serve to amplify and exacerbate the resulting inflammation. The most active peptide, anaphylatoxin C5a, a 74-amino acid polypeptide, is generated by cleavage of the alpha-chain of native C5 at a specific site by convertases (proteolytic enzymes) of the blood complement system as well as by enzymes of the coagulation system. C5a exists in vivo in two biologically active forms. Once it is liberated from C5, the carboxyl terminal arginine of C5a is rapidly removed by

carboxypeptidase-N, leaving the des-Arg derivative. Although C5a des-Arg is less active than C5a, both are potent inflammatory mediators at concentrations likely to be generated *in vivo* (Fernandez, H. N.; Henson, P. M.; Otani, A.; Hugli, T. E. *J. Immunol.* 1978, 120, 109.). Together, these peptides along with C3a, C4a, and their des-Arg degradation products, collectively described herein as anaphylatoxin, are capable of triggering diverse inflammatory reactions.

Among the various cell types, the neutrophil response to C5a is the best defined. Cell surface receptors specific for C5a have been demonstrated on the neutrophil (Chenoweth, D. E.; Hugli, T. E. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 1978, 75, 3943-3947. Huey, R.; Hugli, T. E. *J. Immunol.* 1985, 135, 2063-2068. Rollins, T. E.; Springer, M. S. *J. Biol. Chem.* 1985, 260, 7157-7160.), and the ligand-receptor interaction promotes human polymorpho-nuclear leukocyte (PMN) migration in a directed fashion (chemotaxis), adherence, oxidative burst, and granular enzyme release from these cells (Hugli, T. E. *Springer Semin. Immunopathol.* 1984, 7, 193-219.). The interaction of C5a with PMN and other target cells and tissues results in increased histamine release, vascular permeability, smooth muscle contraction, and an influx into tissues of inflammatory cells, including neutrophils, eosinophils, and basophils (Hugli, T. E. *Springer Semin. Immunopathol.* 1984, 7, 193-219.). C5a may also be important in mediating inflammatory effects of phagocytic mononuclear cells that accumulate at sites of chronic inflammation (Allison, A. C.; Ferluga, J.; Prydz, H.; Scherlemmer, H. U. *Agents and Actions* 1978, 8, 27.). C5a and C5a des-Arg can induce chemotaxis in monocytes (Ward, P. A. *J. Exp. Med.* 1968, 128, 1201. Snyderman, R.; Shin, H. S.; Dannenberg, A.

C. J. Immunol. 1972, 109, 896.) and cause them to release lysosomal enzymes (McCarthy, K.; Henson, P. S. J. Immunol. 1979, 123, 2511.) in a manner analogous to the neutrophil responses elicited by these agents. Recent studies suggest
5 that C5a may have an immunoregulatory role by enhancing antibody particularly at sites of inflammation (Morgan, E. L.; Weigle, W. O.; Hugli, T. E. J. Exp. Med. 1982, 155, 1412. Weigle, W. O.; Morgan, E. L.; Goodman, M. G.; Chenoweth, D. E.; Hugli, T. E. Federation Proc. 1982, 41, 3099. Morgan, E. L.; Weigle, W. O.; Hugli, T. E. Federation Proc. 1984, 43,
10 2543.).

C5a and C5a des-Arg play important roles in host defenses against bacterial infections and possibly in the mediation of some pathologic lesions such as the leukocyte infiltration seen in the lungs during acute respiratory distress syndrome. This mechanism seems to play a role in different pathological situations like pulmonary distress during hemodialysis, leukaphoresis, cardiopulmonary bypass, and in acute myocardial infarction. Complement activation, 15 has been postulated to play an important pathological role in rheumatoid arthritis, serum sickness, systemic lupus erythematosus, ulcerative colitis, and forms of hepatic cirrhosis, chronic hepatitis, and glomerulonephritis, in certain shock states, during hemodialysis, and
20 25 cardiopulmonary bypass, acute pancreatitis, myocardial infarction (which may be worsened by C5a-induced leukoembolization following the interaction of complement with atheromatous plaques), asthma, bronchoconstriction, some auto-allergic diseases, transplant rejection, and post-viral encephalopathies.

By serving as antagonists by binding to and blocking the anaphylatoxin receptor, certain compounds of the present invention can reduce or prevent anaphylatoxin-mediated inflammation. Other compounds of the present invention are agonists that mimic anaphylatoxin activity, and assist the body in building its defense mechanism against invasion by infectious agents and malignancy. Additionally, these compounds may influence the immunoregulatory effects of anaphylatoxin. The possible involvement of anaphylatoxin in a wide range of diseases, as indicated by these examples, suggests that anaphylatoxin receptor ligands could have clinical applications for the treatment and prevention of the above-mentioned pathological conditions.

15 Summary of the Invention

In accordance with the principal embodiment of the present invention, there are provided anaphylotoxin activity modifying compounds of the formula A-B-D-E-G-J-L-M-Q-T and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, or amides thereof.

In the generic formula given above, the groups A through T have the following values:

A is R₁-R₂-R₃;

B is selected from R₄-R₅-R₆, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

D is selected from R₇-R₈-R₉, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

E is selected from R₁₀-R₁₁-R₁₂, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

G is selected from R₁₃-R₁₄-R₁₅, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

J is selected from R₁₆-R₁₇-R₁₈, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

L is selected from R₁₉-R₂₀-R₂₁, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

M is selected from R₂₂-R₂₃-R₂₄, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

Q is selected from R₂₅-R₂₆-R₂₇, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and

R₃₇;

T is R₂₈-R₂₉-R₃₀;

B and D, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and 5 R₄₃;

D and E, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and R₄₃;

E and G, taken together, optionally represent a group 10 selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and R₄₃;

G and J, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and 15 R₄₃;

J and L, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and R₄₃;

L and M, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and 20 R₄₃; and

M and Q, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and R₄₃, and

one or more of the groups R₅-R₆-R₇; R₈-R₉-R₁₀;

25 R₁₁-R₁₂-R₁₃; R₁₄-R₁₅-R₁₆; R₁₇-R₁₈-R₁₉; R₂₀-R₂₁-R₂₂;

R₂₃-R₂₄-R₂₅; or R₂₆-R₂₇-R₂₈, independently

optionally represent R₃₆.

The group R₁ is selected from the group consisting of

amino, (lower alkyl)amino, dialkylamino, (arylaikyl)amino,

30 hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, arylalkoxy, acetamido, thioalkoxy, halogen, aryl, lower alkyl, arylalkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, heterocyclic, arylamino, and hydrogen.

R_2 is selected from the group consisting of $>CR_{99}R_{100}$, $>C=CR_{95}R_{96}$, existing in either the Z- or E-configuration, oxygen, amino, and alkylamino, with the proviso that when R_2 is oxygen, amino or alkylamino, R_1 is

5 aryl, lower alkyl, arylalkyl or (heterocyclic)alkyl.

R_3 is selected from the group consisting of $>C=O$, $>CH_2$, $>C=S$, and $>SO_2$, with the proviso that when R_3 is $>CH_2$ or $>SO_2$ then R_2 cannot be oxygen, amino or alkylamino.

10 R_4 is selected from the group consisting of $>CH_2$, $>O$, $>S$, and $>NR_{101}$ where R_{101} is hydrogen, lower alkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl, hydroxy or alkoxy, with the proviso that when R_4 is $>O$ or $>S$ then R_1 , R_2 and R_3 taken together represent a group selected from lower alkyl, arylalkyl, aryl or hydrogen.

15 R_5 is selected from the group consisting of $>CR_{201}R_{202}$, $>NR_{203}$, $>C=CR_{205}R_{206}$, existing in either the Z- or E- configuration, and substituted cyclopropyl of the



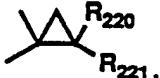
20 R_6 , R_9 , R_{12} , R_{15} , R_{18} , R_{21} , and R_{24} are independently selected from the group consisting of $>C=O$, $>CH_2$, $-CH_2C(O)-$, $-NHC(O)-$, $>C=S$, $>SO_2$, and $>P(O)X$ where X is selected from hydroxy, alkoxy, amino, alkylamino and dialkylamino.

25 R_7 , R_{10} , R_{13} , R_{16} , R_{19} , R_{22} , R_{25} are independently selected from $>CH_2$ and $>NR_{50}$ where R_{50} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, arylalkyl, aryl, hydroxy and alkoxy.

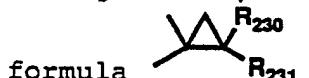
R_8 is selected from the group consisting of $>CR_{210}R_{211}$, $>NR_{213}$, $>C=CR_{215}R_{216}$, existing in either the Z- or E- configuration, and substituted cyclopropyl of the formula



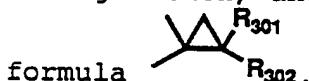
R_{11} is selected from the group consisting of $>CR_{220}R_{221}$,
 $>NR_{223}$, $>C=CR_{225}R_{226}$, existing in either the Z- or E-
 configuration, and substituted cyclopropyl of the formula



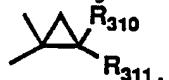
5 R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of $>CR_{230}R_{231}$,
 $>NR_{233}$, $>C=CR_{235}R_{236}$, existing in either the Z- or E-
 configuration, and substituted cyclopropyl of the



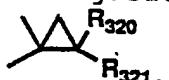
10 R_{17} is selected from the group consisting of $>CR_{301}R_{302}$,
 $>NR_{303}$, $>C=CR_{305}R_{306}$, existing in either the Z- or E-
 configuration, and substituted cyclopropyl of the



15 R_{20} is selected from the group consisting of $>CR_{310}R_{311}$,
 $>NR_{313}$, $>C=CR_{315}R_{316}$, existing in either the Z- or E-
 configuration, and substituted cyclopropyl of the formula

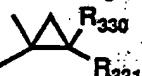


20 R_{23} is selected from the group consisting of $>CR_{320}R_{321}$,
 $>NR_{323}$, $>C=CR_{325}R_{326}$, existing in either the Z- or E-
 configuration, and substituted cyclopropyl of the formula



R_{26} is selected from the group consisting of $>CR_{330}R_{331}$,
 $>C=CR_{335}R_{336}$, existing in either the Z- or E-configuration,

and substituted cyclopropyl of the formula



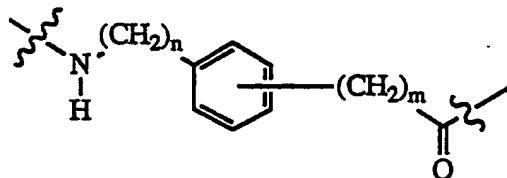
25 R_{27} is selected from the group consisting of $>C=O$, $>CH_2$,
 $-CH_2C(O)-$, $>C=S$, $>SO_2$, and $>P(O)X$ where X is selected from
 hydroxy, alkoxy, amino, alkylamino and dialkylamino.

R_{28} is selected from the group consisting of $>O$, $>S$, $>CH_2$, and $>NR_{109}$ where R_{109} is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, and arylalkyl, with the proviso that when R_{27} is $>SO_2$ or $>P(O)X$, then R_{28} is $>O$ or $>NR_{109}$.

5 R_{29} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, arylalkyl, and $>NR_{110}$ where R_{110} is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, and arylalkyl, with the provisos that (i) when R_{28} is $>O$, or $>S$ then R_{29} is lower alkyl or arylalkyl, and (ii) when R_{29} is hydrogen, lower alkyl, or
10 arylalkyl then R_{30} is absent.

R_{30} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, lower alkyl, and arylalkyl.

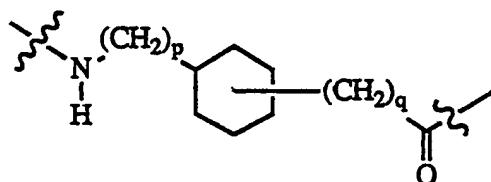
R_{31} is a group having the structure



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where m and n are integers independently selected from 0, 1 and 2.

R_{32} is a group having the structure

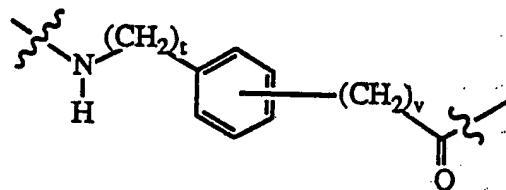


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where p and q are integers independently selected from 0, 1 and 2.

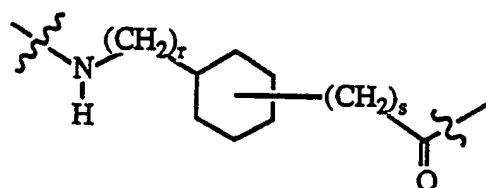
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R₃₃ is a group having the structure



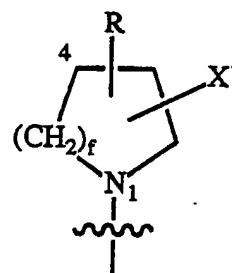
where t and v are integers independently selected from 0, 1,
5 2 and 3.

R₃₄ is a group having the structure



where r and s are integers independently selected from 0, 1,
10 2 and 3.

R₃₅ is a group having the structure

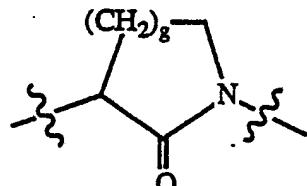


where f is an integer of 0 to 3, X is selected from >C=O and
15 -CH₂- . R is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl, with the provisos that (i) when f is 0, X is at C-2 and R is at C-3 or C-4; (ii) when f is 1, X is at C-2 and R is at C-3, C-4 or C-5 and C-3,4 are saturated or unsaturated; (iii) when f is 2, X is at C-2, C-3 or C-4 and R is at C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5 or C-6 when the position is unoccupied by X and C-3,4 or C-4,5 are saturated or unsaturated; and (iv) when f is 3, X is at C-2, C-3 or C-4 and R is at C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, C-6 or C-7

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when the position is unoccupied by X and C-3,4 or C-4,5 or C-5,6 are saturated or unsaturated.

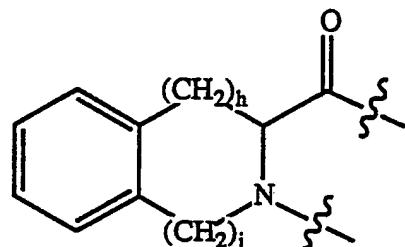
R₃₆ is a group having the structure



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where g is an integer of from 0 to 3.

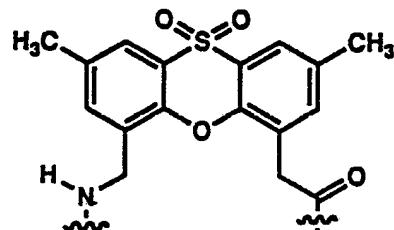
R₃₇ is a group having the structure



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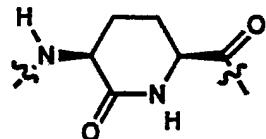
where h is 0 or 1 and j is 0 or 1 with the proviso that either h or j must be 1.

R₃₈ is a group having the structure



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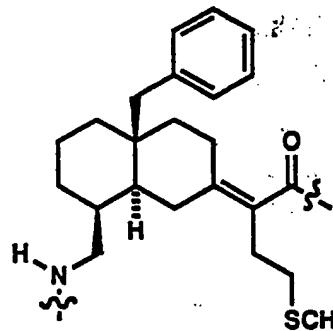
R₃₉ is a group having the structure



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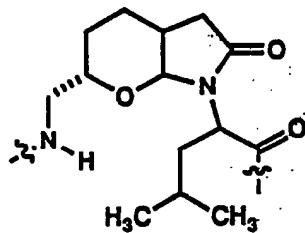
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R₄₀ is a divalent group having the structure



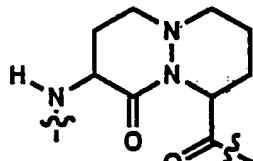
R₄₁ is a divalent group having the structure

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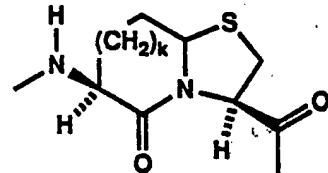


R₄₂ is a divalent group having the structure

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R₄₃ is a divalent group having the structure



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where k is an integer of from zero to two.

R₁ and R₂, taken together, optionally may represent a group selected from aryl, heterocyclic, or hydrogen.

R₆ and R₇; R₉ and R₁₀; R₁₂ and R₁₃; R₁₅ and R₁₆; R₁₈ and R₁₉; R₂₁ and R₂₂; and R₂₄ and R₂₅; each pair taken together, may optionally and independently represent a group selected from >CH₂, -(CH₂)₃-, -CH=CH-, -C≡C-, -C(=CH₂)CH₂-, -CH(OH)CH₂-, -C(O)O-, -C(O)S-, -CH₂C(O)O-, -CH₂C(O)S-, -CH₂O-, -CH₂S-, and -NHC(O)-; with the provisos that (i) when R₅ is >NR₂₀₃ or >C=CR₂₀₅R₂₀₆, R₆ and R₇, taken together, represent -C(O)NH- or -C(O)NCH₃-; (ii) when R₈ is >NR₂₁₃ or >C=CR₂₁₅R₂₁₆, R₉ and R₁₀, taken together, represent -C(O)NH- or -C(O)NCH₃-; (iii) when R₁₁ is >NR₂₂₃ or >C=CR₂₂₅R₂₂₆, R₁₂ and R₁₃, taken together represent -CONH- or -CONCH₃-; (iv) when R₁₄ is >NR₂₃₃ or >C=CR₂₃₅R₂₃₆, R₁₅ and R₁₆, taken together, represent -C(O)NH- or -C(O)NCH₃-; (v) when R₁₇ is >NR₃₀₃ or >C=CR₃₀₅R₃₀₆, R₁₈ and R₁₉, taken together, represent -C(O)NH- or -C(O)NCH₃-; (vi) when R₂₀ is >NR₃₁₃ or >C=CR₃₁₅R₃₁₆, R₂₁ and R₂₂, taken together, represent -CONH- or -CONCH₃-; (vii) when R₂₃ is >NR₃₂₃ or >C=CR₃₂₅R₃₂₆, R₂₄ and R₂₅, taken together, represent -C(O)NH- or -C(O)NCH₃-.

R₂₉ and R₃₀, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, or alkoxy, with the proviso that when R₂₈ is >O or >S then R₂₉ and R₃₀, taken together, represent hydrogen.

R₁, R₂ and R₃, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from lower alkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, hydroxy, alkoxy, hydrogen, an N-terminal protecting group or peptide fragment of 1-8 residues similarly protected wherein each of the amino acids comprising the peptide fragment is independently selected from the 20 naturally occurring amino acids.

R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, arylalkyl, aryl, heterocyclic, or H₂NC(O)-, with the proviso that when R₅ is >CH₂ then R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄, taken together, may not be 5 hydrogen.

R₂₇, R₂₈, R₂₉ and R₃₀, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, or arylalkyl.

R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄ and R₅, taken together, optionally 10 represent an aryl or heterocyclic group.

R₉₅, R₉₆, R₂₀₅, R₂₀₆, R₂₁₅, R₂₁₆, R₂₂₅, R₂₂₆, R₂₃₅, R₂₃₆, R₃₀₅, R₃₀₆, R₃₁₅, R₃₁₆, R₃₃₅ and R₃₃₆ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, amidoalkyl, 15 (carboxyamido)alkyl, ureidoalkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, and halosubstituted alkyl.

R₉₉, R₂₀₂, R₂₁₁, R₂₂₁, R₂₃₁, R₃₀₂, R₃₁₁, R₃₂₁ and R₃₃₁ are independently selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl.

R₁₀₀ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, 20 lower alkyl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aminoalkyl, (alkylamino)alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, guanidinoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, arylalkoxy, and sulfhydrylalkyl.

R₂₀₁ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, 25 lower alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aminoalkyl, amidoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, guanidinoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, (carboxyamido)alkyl, (carboxyhydrazino)alkyl, ureidoalkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, sulfhydrylalkyl, (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl, 30 (thioarylalkoxy)alkyl, protected sulfhydrylalkyl, and halosubstituted alkyl.

R₂₀₃, R₂₁₃, R₂₂₃, R₂₃₃, R₃₀₃, and R₃₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkenyl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aminoalkyl, amidoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, guanidinoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, (carboxyamido)alkyl, (carboxyhydrazino)alkyl, ureidoalkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, sulfhydrylalkyl, (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl, (thioarylalkoxy)alkyl, or protected sulfhydrylalkyl with the proviso that none of the groups R₂₀₃, R₂₁₃, R₂₂₃, R₂₃₃, R₃₀₃, or R₃₁₃ may be a vinyl group or have a heteroatom directly attached to the nitrogen or separated from it by one methylene unit.

R₂₁₀ is hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aminoalkyl, amidoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, guanidinoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, (carboxyamido)alkyl, ureidoalkyl, (carboxyhydrazino)alkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, sulfhydrylalkyl, (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl, (thioarylalkoxy)alkyl, protected sulfhydrylalkyl, or halosubstituted alkyl.

R₂₂₀, R₂₃₀, R₃₀₁, R₃₁₀, and R₃₃₀ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aminoalkyl, amidoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, guanidinoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, (carboxyamido)alkyl, (carboxyhydrazino)alkyl, ureidoalkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, sulfhydrylalkyl, (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl, (thioarylalkoxy)alkyl, protected sulfhydrylalkyl, or halosubstituted alkyl.

R₃₂₀ and R₃₂₃ are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, benzyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, -(alkylene)-C(O)NR₃₄₀R₃₄₁, -(alkylene)-NR₃₄₂R₃₄₃, -(alkylene)-NR₃₄₄C(O)R₃₄₅, hydroxyalkyl,

- (alkylene)-NR₃₄₂R₃₄₃, -(alkylene)-NR₃₄₄C(O)R₃₄₅, hydroxyalkyl, guanidinoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, (carboxyhydrazino)alkyl, ureidoalkyl, heterocyclic substituted methyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, sulfhydrylalkyl, (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl,
5 protected sulfhydrylalkyl, and halosubstituted alkyl, where R₃₄₀, R₃₄₁, R₃₄₂, and R₃₄₃ are independently selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl, and R₃₄₄ and R₃₄₅ are independently selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, and halosubstituted lower alkyl, with the proviso that R₃₂₃ may not be a vinyl group or have a heteroatom directly attached to the nitrogen
10 or separated from it by one methylene unit.

R₃₂₅ and R₃₂₆ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, -(alkylene)-NR₃₄₄C(O)R₃₄₅, (carboxyamido)alkyl, ureidoalkyl,
15 (heterocyclic)alkyl, and halosubstituted alkyl, where R₃₄₄ and R₃₄₅ are as defined above.

R₂₀₁ and R₂₀₂, R₂₁₀ and R₂₁₁, R₂₂₀ and R₂₂₁, R₂₃₀ and R₂₃₁, R₃₀₁ and R₃₀₂, R₃₁₀ and R₃₁₁, R₃₂₀ and R₃₂₁, and R₃₃₀ and R₃₃₁, each pair taken together, independently may
20 optionally represent -(CH₂)_z- where z is an integer of from 2 to 6.

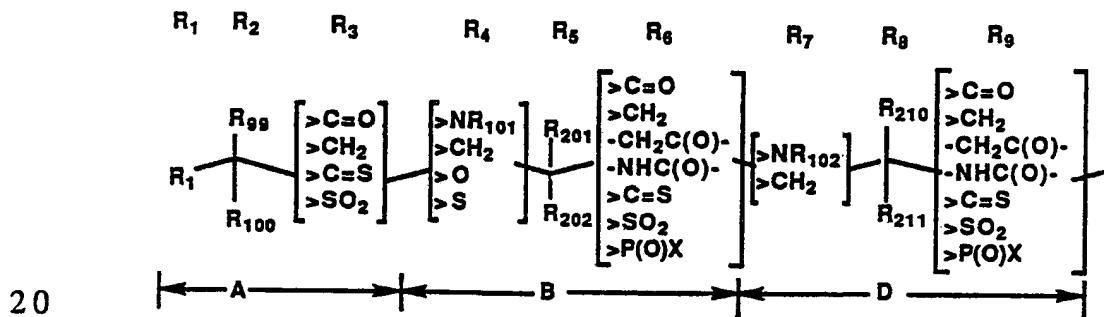
All of the foregoing definitions are with the provisos that, in the compounds of the present invention, (i) when more than one sulfhydrylalkyl is present in the compound, the compound exists in the oxidized disulfide form producing a cyclic molecule, or the two sulfhydryl moieties are connected by a C₂ to C₈ alkylene chain and (ii) when the compound contains a free amino group and carboxyl group, they can be cyclized to give the corresponding lactam.
30

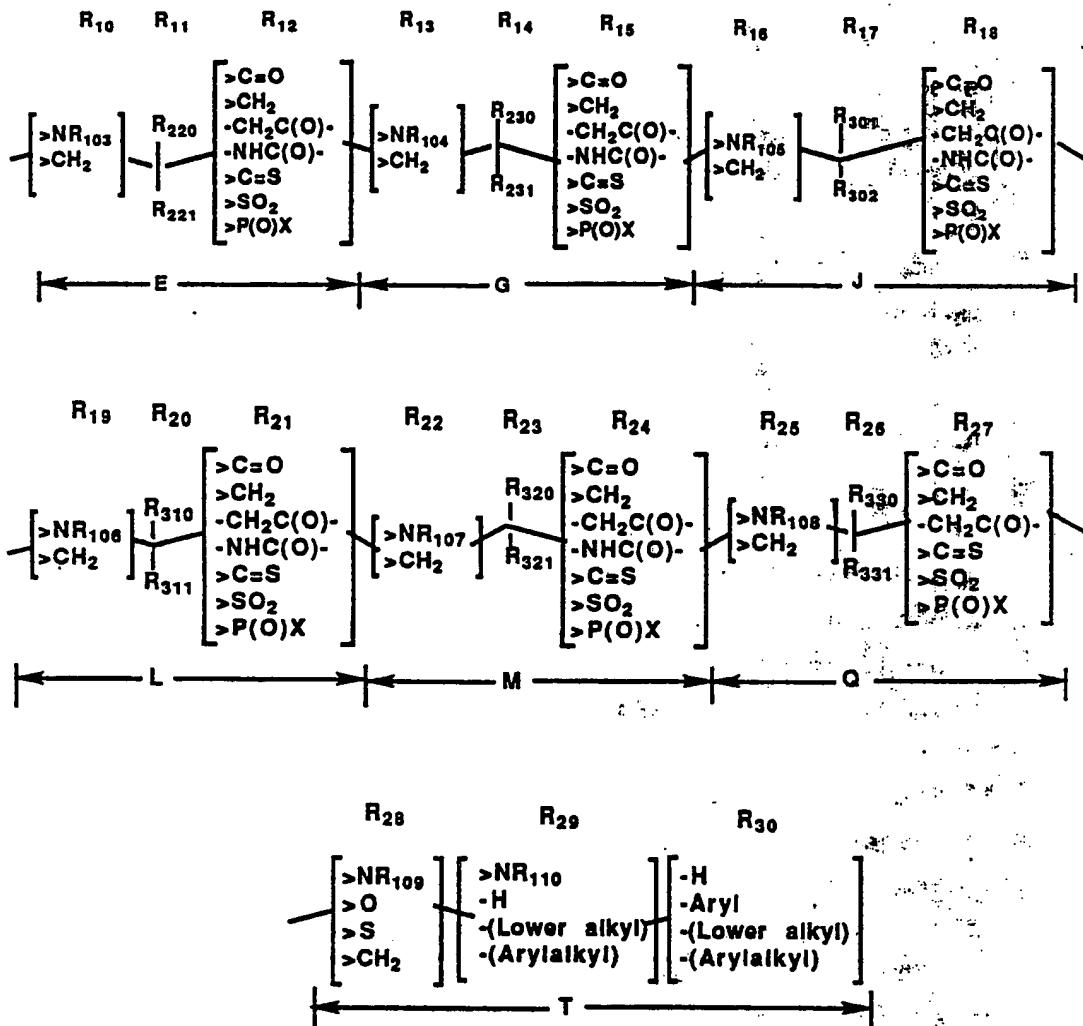
Detailed Description

As discussed above, C5a is the most active of a class of biologically active peptides which serves to amplify and exacerbate inflammation. While C5a contains 74 amino acid residues, it has been found in accordance with the present invention that oligopeptides containing as few as eight amino acid residues are also actively bound by C5a receptors.

Moreover, it has been found that peptidomimetic compounds (i.e. compounds which mimic the activity of peptides) in which certain groups replace the α -carbon, carbonyl group, and amide-nitrogen group of the individual amino acids in oligopeptides are also actively bound by C5a receptors.

The chemical structures of the compounds of the present invention are best understood by reference to the following structural formula in which it is understood that the segments are joined serially at the free valence bonds to form the compound A-B-D-E-G-J-L-M-Q-T.





5

As used throughout this specification and the appended claims, the following terms have the meanings specified.

The term "alkyl" as used herein refers to monovalent straight chain or branched chain groups of 1 to 12 carbon atoms, including, but not limited to methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, isobutyl, tert-butyl, and the like.

10

15

The term "lower alkyl" as used herein refers to straight or branched chain alkyl groups containing from 1 to 8 carbon atoms including but not limited to methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, iso-butyl, sec-butyl, 2-methylhexyl, n-pentyl, 1-methylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, n-hexyl and the like.

The term "alkylene" as used herein refers to divalent groups of from one to twelve carbon atoms derived by the removal of two hydrogen atoms from straight or branched saturated hydrocarbons. Examples include $-\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-$, $-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2-$, $-\text{CH}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-$, $-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2-$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-$ and the like.

The term "alkenyl" as used herein refers to straight or branched chain groups of 2 to 12 carbon atoms containing a carbon-carbon double bond, including, but not limited to ethenyl, 1-propenyl, 2-propenyl, 2-methyl-1-propenyl, 1-butenyl, 2-butenyl, and the like.

The term "halosubstituted alkyl" refers to an alkyl group as described above substituted with one or more halogens, including, but not limited to chloromethyl, trifluoromethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, and the like. The terms "halo" and "halogen" are used herein to mean groups derived from the elements fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine.

The term "cycloalkyl" as used herein refers to cyclic groups, of 3 to 8 carbons, including, but not limited to cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, and the like.

The term "(cycloalkyl)alkyl" as used herein refers to a cycloalkyl group appended to a lower alkyl group, including, but not limited to cyclohexylmethyl and cyclohexylethyl.

The term "alkoxy" as used herein refers to an alkyl group as defined above, attached to the remainder of the molecule through an oxygen atom. Alkoxy groups include, for example, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, n-butoxy, sec-butoxy, 5 isobutoxy, tert-butoxy, and the like.

The term "sulfhydrylalkyl" as used herein refers to a -SH group appended to a lower alkyl group, as previously defined.

10 The term "protected sulfhydrylalkyl" refers to a sulfhydrylalkyl group, as previously defined, which has been transformed to the corresponding S-acetamidomethyl (S-Acm) or other similar protecting group, including, but not limited to S-phenacetamidomethyl..

15 The term "thioalkoxy" as used herein refers to an alkyl group, as previously defined, attached to the remainder of the molecule through a sulfur atom. Examples of thioalkoxy groups include, but are not limited to, thiomethoxy, thioethoxy, thioisopropoxy, n-thiobutoxy, sec-thiobutoxy, isothiobutoxy, tert-thiobutoxy and the like.

20 The term "(thioalkoxy)alkyl" as used herein refers to a thioalkoxy group, as just defined, appended to a lower alkyl group.

25 The term "(thioarylalkoxy)alkyl" as used herein refers to a group of the structure R₄₂₀-S- appended to a lower alkyl where R₄₂₀ is an arylalkyl group as defined below.

30 The term "aryl" as used herein refers to substituted and unsubstituted carbocyclic aromatic groups including, but not limited to phenyl, 1- or 2-naphthyl, fluorenyl, (1,2)-dihydronaphthyl, (1,2,3,4)-tetrahydronaphthyl, indenyl, indanyl, and the like, wherein the aryl group may be substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently

selected from halo, nitro, cyano, C₁ to C₁₂ alkyl, alkoxy, aroyl and halosubstituted alkyl.

The term "arylalkyl" as used herein refers to an aryl group, as previously defined, appended to an alkyl group, including, but not limited to benzyl, 1- and 2-naphthylmethyl, halobenzyl, alkoxybenzyl, hydroxybenzyl, aminobenzyl, nitrobenzyl, guanidinobenzyl, phenylmethyl(benzyl), 1-phenylethyl, 2-phenylethyl, 1-naphthylethyl, and the like.

The term "benzyl" as used herein refers specifically to phenyl substituted methyl in which the phenyl group may be substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, alkyl of from one to twelve carbon atoms, alkoxy, aroyl, and halosubstituted alkyl, and the like.

The term "aryloxy" as used herein refers to an aryl group as previously defined, attached to the parent molecular moiety through an oxygen atom. Aryloxy includes, but is not limited to phenoxy, 1-naphthoxy, 2-naphthoxy and the like.

The term "arylalkoxy" as used herein refers to an arylalkyl group as previously defined, attached to the parent molecular moiety through an oxygen atom. Arylalkoxy includes, but is not limited to benzyloxy, 2-phenethyloxy, 1-naphthylmethyloxy and the like.

The term "aroyl" as used herein refers to an aryl group as defined above, attached to the parent molecule through a carbonyl group. Examples include benzoyl and substituted benzoyl.

The term "alkylamino" as used herein refers to a group having the structure -NH(alkyl) where the alkyl portion is as defined above. Alkylamino groups include, for example, methylamino, ethylamino, isopropylamino and the like.

The term "dialkylamino" as used herein refers to a group having the structure $-N(\text{alkyl})(\text{alkyl})$ where the two alkyl groups may be the same or different and are as previously defined.

5 The term "aminoalkyl" as used herein refers to a group having the structure $-\text{NR}_{342}\text{R}_{343}$ appended to a lower alkyl group, as previously defined. The groups R_{342} and R_{343} are independently selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl and arylalkyl. Additionally, R_{342} and R_{343} taken together, may 10 optionally be $-(\text{CH}_2)_{mm}-$ where mm is an integer of from 2 to 6.

15 The term "amidoalkyl" as used herein refers to a group having the structure $-\text{NR}_{344}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}_{345}$ appended to a lower alkyl group, as previously defined. The groups R_{344} and R_{345} are independently selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, and halosubstituted alkyl. Additionally, R_{344} and R_{345} taken together may optionally be $-(\text{CH}_2)_{kk}-$ where kk is an integer of from 2 to 6.

20 The term "(aminothioalkoxy)alkyl" as used herein refers to $\text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{Rx}-\text{S}-\text{Ry}-$ where Rx and Ry are alkylene groups, as previously defined, and may be the same or different.

The term "carboxyalkyl" as used herein refers to a carboxyl group, $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$, appended to a lower alkyl group, as previously defined.

25 The term "(carboxyamido)alkyl" as used herein refers to a group of the formula $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}_{340}\text{R}_{341}$, appended to a lower alkyl group, as previously defined. The groups R_{340} and R_{341} are independently selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl and arylalkyl. Alternatively, R_{340} and R_{341} taken together 30 may optionally be $-(\text{CH}_2)_{pp}-$ wherein pp is an integer of from 2 to 6.

The term "(carboxyhydrazino)alkyl" as used herein refers to a group having the structure $-C(O)NR_{425}NHR_{430}$ appended to a lower alkyl group, as previously defined. The groups R₄₂₅ and R₄₃₀ are independently selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl,
5 aryl and arylalkyl.

The term "guanidinoalkyl" as used herein refers to a group of the structure $-NR_{346}C(=NR_{347})NHR_{348}$ appended to a lower alkyl group, as previously defined. R₃₄₆, R₃₄₇, and R₃₄₈ are independently selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, and
10 aryl.

The term "ureidoalkyl" as used herein refers to a group having the structure $-NHC(O)NH_2$ appended to a lower alkyl group, as previously defined.

The term "heterocyclic" as used herein refers to any 5- or 6-membered ring containing from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur, wherein the 5-membered ring has 0 to 2 double bonds and the 6-membered ring has 0 to 3 double bonds, wherein the nitrogen and sulfur heteroatoms may optionally be oxidized, wherein the nitrogen heteroatom may optionally be quaternized, and including any bicyclic group in which any of the above heterocyclic rings is fused to a benzene ring. Representative heterocycles include, but are not limited to pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrazolyl, pyrazolinyl,
15 pyrazolidinyl, imidazolyl, imidazolinyl, imidazolidinyl, pyridyl, piperidinyl, pyrazinyl, piperazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, oxazoyl, oxazolidinyl, isoxazolyl,
20 isoxazolidinyl, morpholinyl, indolyl, quinolinyl, thiazolyl, thiazolidinyl, isothiazolyl, isothiazolidinyl, isoquinolinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzoxazolyl, furyl, thieryl,
25 and benzothienyl.

The term "(heterocyclic)alkyl" as used herein refers to a heterocyclic group, as previously defined, appended to an alkyl group as previously defined.

5 The term "hydroxyalkyl" as used herein refers to -OH appended to a lower alkyl group.

10 The term "naturally occurring amino acid" refers to an amino acid selected from the group consisting of alanine, arginine, asparagine, aspartic acid, cysteine, glutamine, glutamic acid, glycine, histidine, isoleucine, leucine, lysine, methionine, phenylalanine, proline, serine, threonine, tryptophan, tyrosine, and valine.

15 The term "N-terminal protecting group" refers to those groups intended to protect the N-terminus against undesirable reactions during synthetic procedures or to prevent the attack of exopeptidases on the final compounds or to increase the solubility of the final compounds and includes, but is not limited to acyl, acetyl, pivaloyl, tert-butyloxycarbonyl, tert-butyloxycarbonyl (Boc), carbobenzylloxycarbonyl (Cbz), benzoyl groups or an L- or D-aminoacyl residue, which may 20 itself be N-protected similarly.

The term "anaphylatoxin" is used herein to mean C5a, C4a, C3a, or the corresponding des-Arg degradation products.

25 The term "pharmaceutically acceptable salt" refers to non-toxic acid addition salts such as salts formed with inorganic acids such as hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, phosphoric acid, sulfuric acid and perchloric acid or with organic acids such as acetic acid, oxalic acid, maleic acid, malic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, succinic acid or malonic acid. Other pharmaceutically acceptable salts, 30 include inorganic nitrate, sulfate, acetate, malate, formate, lactate, tartrate, succinate, citrate, p-toluenesulfonate, and the like, including, but not limited to cations based on

the alkali and alkaline earth metals, such as sodium, lithium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, and the like, as well as nontoxic ammonium, quaternary ammonium, and amine cations, including, but not limited to ammonium, tetramethylammonium, 5 tetraethylammonium, methylamine, dimethylamine, trimethylamine, triethylamine, ethylamine, and the like.

Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable, non-toxic esters of the compounds of this invention include C₁ to C₆ alkyl esters wherein the alkyl group is straight or branched 10 chain. Acceptable esters also include C₅ to C₇ cycloalkyl esters as well as arylalkyl esters such as, but not limited to benzyl. C₁ to C₄ alkyl esters are preferred. Esters of the compound of formula I may be prepared according to conventional methods.

15 Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable, non-toxic amides of the compounds of this invention include amides derived from ammonia, primary C₁ to C₆ alkyl amines and secondary C₁ to C₆ dialkyl amines wherein the alkyl groups are straight or branched chain. In the case of secondary amines 20 the amine may also be in the form of a 5 or 6 membered heterocycle containing one nitrogen atom. Amides derived from ammonia, C₁ to C₃ alkyl primary amides and C₁ to C₂ dialkyl secondary amides are preferred. Amides of the compound of formula I may be prepared according to 25 conventional methods.

Numerous asymmetric centers may exist in the compounds of the present invention. The present invention contemplates the various stereoisomers and mixtures thereof. In particular, chiral centers can exist at R₂, R₅, R₈, R₁₁, R₁₄, 30 R₁₇, R₂₀, R₂₃ and R₂₆. When these groups comprise the α -carbon atom of an α -amino acid, the natural configuration is preferred. However, compounds of the present invention

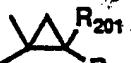
containing up to three α -amino acid residues of non-natural configuration have also been found to be effective as modulators of anaphylotoxin activity.

Particular stereoisomers are prepared by selecting the starting amino acids or amino acid analogs having the desired stereochemistry and reacting these starting materials by the methods detailed below. Starting compounds of particular stereochemistry are either commercially available or are made by the methods detailed below and resolved by techniques well known in the organic chemical arts.

One class of preferred compounds of the present invention are those in which the groups R₄, R₇, R₁₀, R₁₃, R₁₆, R₁₉, R₂₂, and R₂₅ are independently selected from >NH and >N-(lower alkyl).

In another class of preferred compounds of the present invention, the groups R₆, R₉, R₁₂, R₁₅, R₁₈, R₂₁, R₂₄, and R₂₇ are independently selected from >C=O and >CH₂.

The group R₅ is preferably selected from >CR₂₀₁R₂₀₂; >NR₂₀₃; >C=CR₂₀₅R₂₀₆, existing in the Z- or E-configuration;

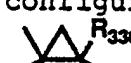
and substituted cyclopropyl of the formula  where R₂₀₁ is selected from lower alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, amidoalkyl, (carboxyamido)alkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, (thioarylalkoxy)alkyl, protected sulphydrylalkyl, and halosubstituted alkyl. R₂₀₂ and R₂₀₅ are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and lower alkyl; R₂₀₃ is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, alkenyl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, amidoalkyl, (carboxyamido)alkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, (thioarylalkoxy)-alkyl, and protected sulphydrylalkyl, with the proviso that R₂₀₃ may not be a vinyl group or have a heteroatom directly

attached to the nitrogen or separated from it by one methylene group. R₂₀₆ is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl; aryl; arylalkyl; (cycloalkyl)alkyl; amidoalkyl; (carboxyamido)alkyl; (heterocyclic)alkyl; and halosubstituted alkyl.

R₈ is preferably selected from the group consisting of >CR₂₁₀R₂₁₁; >NR₂₁₃; >C=CR₂₁₅R₂₁₆; and substituted cyclopropyl

of the formula  R₂₁₁. R₂₁₀ is selected from the group consisting of arylalkyl; aminoalkyl; guanidinoalkyl; (heterocyclic)alkyl; (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl. R₂₁₁ and R₂₁₅ selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; R₂₁₃ is selected from the group consisting of arylalkyl; aminoalkyl; guanidinoalkyl; (heterocyclic)alkyl; and (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl; with the proviso that R₂₁₃ may not have a heteroatom directly attached to the nitrogen or separated from it by one methylene unit; and R₂₁₆ is selected from arylalkyl and (heterocyclic)alkyl.

R₂₆ is preferably selected from the group consisting of >CR₃₃₀R₃₃₁; >C=CR₃₃₅R₃₃₆, existing in either the Z- or E- configuration; and substituted cyclopropyl of the formula

 R₃₃₁; where R₃₃₅ is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl. R₃₃₆ is selected from arylalkyl and (heterocyclic)-alkyl; R₃₃₀ is selected from the group consisting of arylalkyl, aminoalkyl, guanidinoalkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl and (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl; and R₃₃₁ is hydrogen or lower alkyl.

Method of Treatment

The compounds of the present invention serve to modulate the activity of anaphylatoxin. Certain compounds of the present invention function as anaphylatoxin antagonists, while others function as agonists. The antagonist compounds of the present invention block the anaphylatoxin receptor and prevent anaphylatoxin activity, which makes those compounds useful in the treatment and prevention of injurious conditions or diseases in which anaphylatoxin may be involved. Disease states in which anaphylatoxin is involved include asthma, bronchial allergy, chronic inflammation, systemic lupus erythematosus, vasculitis, serum sickness, angioedema, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, gout, bullous skin diseases, hypersensitivity pneumonitis, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, immune complex-mediated glomerulonephritis, psoriasis, allergic rhinitis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, acute pulmonary disorders, endotoxin shock, hepatic cirrhosis, pancreatitis, inflammatory bowel diseases (including Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis), thermal injury, Gram-negative sepsis, necrosis in myocardial infarction, leukaphoresis, exposure to medical devices (including but not limited to hemodialyzer membranes and extracorporeal blood circulation equipment), chronic hepatitis, transplant rejection, post-viral encephalopathies, and/or ischemia induced myocardial or brain injury. These compounds may also be used as prophylactics for such conditions as shock accompanying Dengue fever. In addition, a combination of antibiotic and anti-inflammatory agent such as corticosteroids (e.g., methylprednisolone) and one or more of the above mentioned compounds may be employed.

Certain compounds of the invention are useful therapeutic agents because of their ability to mimic or

promote anaphylatoxin activity and are therefore useful in stimulating the inflammatory response and immune response in mammals who are deficient in this regard. These agonist compounds may be used to assist the body in building its defense mechanism against invasion by infectious microorganisms or other stress. Interaction by these agonists at the anaphylatoxin receptor makes them useful in treating conditions or diseases including, but not limited to cancers (including but not limited lung carcinoma),
5 immunodeficiency diseases, and severe infections.
10

In some cases this will involve preventing the underlying cause of the disease state and in other cases, while the underlying disease will not be affected, the compounds of this invention will have the benefit of
15 ameliorating the symptoms or preventing the manifestations of the disease.

The compounds of the present invention may be administered orally, parenterally, by inhalation spray, rectally, or topically in dosage unit formulations containing
20 conventional nontoxic pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, adjuvants and vehicles as desired.

The term "parenteral" as used herein includes subcutaneous, intravenous, intramuscular, intrasternal, intra-arterial injection or infusion techniques, without
25 limitation. The term "topically" encompasses administration rectally and by inhalation spray, as well as by the more common routes of the skin and the mucous membranes of the mouth and nose.

Actual dosage levels of active ingredients in the
30 pharmaceutical compositions of this invention may be varied so as to achieve the desired therapeutic response for a particular patient, compositions, and mode of administration.

The selected dosage level will depend upon the activity of the particular compound, the route of administration, the severity of the condition being treated, and the condition and prior medical history of the patient being treated.

5 However, it is within the skill of the art to start doses of the compound at levels lower than required for to achieve the desired therapeutic effect and to gradually increase the dosage until the desired effect is achieved.

10 Generally dosage levels of about 0.001 mg to about 100 mg, more typically from about 0.1 mg to about 20 mg, of active compound per kilogram of body weight per day are administered daily to a mammalian host. If desired, the effective daily dose may be divided into multiple doses for purposes of administration, e.g. two to four separate doses
15 per day.

Formulation of Pharmaceutical Composition

Pharmaceutical compositions of this invention for parenteral injection comprise pharmaceutically acceptable sterile aqueous or nonaqueous solutions, dispersions,
20 suspensions or emulsions as well as sterile powders for reconstitution into sterile injectable solutions or dispersions just prior to use. Examples of suitable aqueous and nonaqueous carriers, diluents, solvents or vehicles
25 include water, ethanol, polyols (such as glycerol, propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol, and the like), and suitable mixtures thereof, vegetable oils (such as olive oil), and injectable organic esters such as ethyl oleate. Proper fluidity can be maintained, for example, by the use of
30 coating materials such as lecithin, by the maintenance of the required particle size in the case of dispersions, and by the use of surfactants.

These compositions may also contain adjuvants such as preservative, wetting agents, emulsifying agents, and dispersing agents. Prevention of the action of microorganisms may be ensured by the inclusion of various 5 antibacterial and antifungal agents, for example, paraben, chlorobutanol, phenol, sorbic acid, and the like. It may also be desirable to include isotonic agents such as sugars, sodium chloride, and the like. Prolonged absorption of the injectable pharmaceutical form may be brought about by the 10 inclusion of agents which delay absorption such as aluminum monostearate and gelatin.

If desired, and for more effective distribution, the compounds can be incorporated into slow release or targeted delivery systems such as polymer matrices, liposomes, and 15 microspheres.

The injectable formulations can be sterilized, for example, by filtration through a bacterial-retaining filter, or by incorporating sterilizing agents in the form of sterile solid compositions which can be dissolved or dispersed in 20 sterile water or other sterile injectable medium just prior to use.

Solid dosage forms for oral administration include capsules, tablets, pills, powders, and granules. In such solid dosage forms, the active compound is mixed with at least one inert, pharmaceutically acceptable excipient or carrier such as sodium citrate or dicalcium phosphate and/or 25 a) fillers or extenders such as starches, lactose, sucrose, glucose, mannitol, and silicic acid, b) binders such as, for example, carboxymethylcellulose, alginates, gelatin, 30 polyvinylpyrrolidone, sucrose, and acacia, c) humectants such as glycerol, d) disintegrating agents such as agar-agar, calcium carbonate, potato or tapioca starch, alginic acid,

certain silicates, and sodium carbonate, e) solution retarding agents such as paraffin, f) absorption accelerators such as quaternary ammonium compounds, g) wetting agents such as, for example, cetyl alcohol and glycerol monostearate, h) absorbents such as kaolin and bentonite clay, and i) lubricants such as talc, calcium stearate, magnesium stearate, solid polyethylene glycols, sodium lauryl sulfate, and mixtures thereof. In the case of capsules, tablets and pills, the dosage form may also comprise buffering agents.

Solid compositions of a similar type may also be employed as fillers in soft and hard-filled gelatin capsules using such excipients as lactose or milk sugar as well as high molecular weight polyethylene glycols and the like.

The solid dosage forms of tablets, dragees, capsules, pills, and granules can be prepared with coatings and shells such as enteric coatings and other coatings well known in the pharmaceutical formulating art. They may optionally contain opacifying agents and can also be of a composition that they release the active ingredient(s) only, or preferentially, in a certain part of the intestinal tract, optionally, in a delayed manner. Examples of embedding compositions which can be used include polymeric substances and waxes.

The active compounds can also be in micro-encapsulated form, if appropriate, with one or more of the above-mentioned excipients.

Liquid dosage forms for oral administration include pharmaceutically acceptable emulsions, solutions, suspensions, syrups and elixirs. In addition to the active compounds, the liquid dosage forms may contain inert diluents commonly used in the art such as, for example, water or other solvents, solubilizing agents and emulsifiers such as ethyl alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, ethyl carbonate, ethyl acetate,

benzyl alcohol, benzyl benzoate, propylene glycol, 1,3-butylene glycol, dimethyl formamide, oils (in particular, cottonseed, groundnut, corn, germ, olive, castor, and sesame oils), glycerol, tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol, polyethylene glycols and fatty acid esters of sorbitan, and mixtures thereof.

5 Besides inert diluents, the oral compositions can also include adjuvants such as wetting agents, emulsifying and suspending agents, sweetening, flavoring, and perfuming agents.

10 Suspensions, in addition to the active compounds, may contain suspending agents as, for example, ethoxylated isostearyl alcohols, polyoxyethylene sorbitol and sorbitan esters, microcrystalline cellulose, aluminum metahydroxide, 15 bentonite, agar-agar, and tragacanth, and mixtures thereof.

Compositions for rectal or vaginal administration are preferably suppositories which can be prepared by mixing the compounds of this invention with suitable non-irritating excipients or carriers such as cocoa butter, polyethylene glycol or a suppository wax which are solid at room 20 temperature but liquid at body temperature and therefore melt in the rectum or vaginal cavity and release the active compound.

25 Dosage forms for topical administration of a compound of this invention include powders, sprays, ointments and inhalants. The active compound is mixed under sterile conditions with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and any needed preservatives, buffers, or propellants which may be required. Ophthalmic formulations, eye ointments, powders and 30 solutions are also contemplated as being within the scope of this invention.

Anaphylatoxin Receptor Binding Ki Determination
 Specific inhibition of C5a binding activity of representative compounds of the present invention was measured using 0.03-1 nM ^{125}I -C5a with 2.5-25 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ of purified PMNL membrane fragments (Borregaard, N.; Heiple, J.M.; Simons, E.R.; and Clark, R.A. *J. Cell. Biol.* 1983, 97, 52-61.). Free and membrane-bound ligand were separated by filtration. Binding potencies for representative examples of compounds of this invention are listed in Table 1.

10

Table 1
In vitro C5a Receptor Binding Potency of Compounds of this Invention.

15	Example	Ki	μM	Example	Ki	μM
	2	0.098		249	0.11	
	13	0.85		279	4.0	
	23	2.4		282	0.029	
20	31	0.09		295	3.3	
	91	0.485		296	0.012	
	106	0.042		305	0.17	
	111	0.65		316	0.17	
	117	0.55		338	0.5	
25	131	0.17		348	0.14	
	150	0.11		377	1.8	
	165	0.042		402	0.011	
	182	0.3		404	0.13	
	188	0.21		409	3.8	
30	202	0.87		421	3.2	
	213	0.33		424	0.48	
	220	0.22		432	0.03	

(Table 1 concluded)

229	0.033	445	0.26
245	0.052	455	0.017
247	0.33	460	0.021

5

Synthesis of the Compounds

The novel compounds and salts thereof of the invention can be utilized effectively as therapeutic agents.

10 Accordingly, the present invention further relates to therapeutic compositions comprising a novel compound having the general formula I or salts thereof as an active component.

15 The compounds of the invention may be prepared by a synthetic method of elongation of a peptide chain through condensation of one amino acid by one, or by a method of coupling fragments consisting of two or several amino acids, or by a combination of these methods in accordance with conventional peptide synthesis methods.

20 The condensation of two amino acids, the condensation of an amino acid with a peptide or the condensation of one peptide with another peptide may be effected in accordance with conventional condensation methods such as azide method, mixed acid anhydride method, symmetrical anhydride method,
25 DCC (dicyclohexylcarbodiimide) method, active ester method (p-nitrophenyl ester method, N-hydroxysuccinimide ester method, cyanomethyl ester method and the like), Woodward reagent K method, DCC-HOBT(1-hydroxy-benzotriazole) method and the like. These condensation reactions may be done by
30 either solution methods or solid phase synthetic methods. When the peptide chain is elongated by the solid phase method, the C-terminal amino acid is linked to an insoluble

carrier. As the insoluble carrier, any that can produce a detachable bond by reacting with a carboxyl group in a C-terminal amino acid may be used, and the examples thereof involve, for example, halomethyl resins such as chloromethyl resin, bromomethyl resin and the like, hydroxy-methyl resin, benzhydrylamine resin, and t-alkyloxycarbonyl hydrazide resin.

As conventional polypeptide synthesis, branched chain amino and carboxyl groups at alpha and omega positions in amino acids may be protected/deprotected if necessary. The protecting groups for amino groups which can be used involve, for example, benzyloxycarbonyl (Z), o-chlorobenzylloxycarbonyl ((2-C1)Z), p-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl (Z(NO₂)), p-methoxybenzyloxycarbonyl (Z(OMe)), t-butoxycarbonyl (Boc), t-amyloxycarbonyl (Aoc), isobornyloxycarbonyl, adamantyloxycarbonyl, 2-(4-biphenyl)-2-propyloxycarbonyl (Bpoc), 9-fluorenyl-methoxycarbonyl (Fmoc), methylsulfonylethoxycarbonyl (Msc), trifluoroacetyl, phthalyl, formyl, 2-nitrophenylsulfenyl (Nps), diphenylphosphinothioyl (Ppt), and dimethylphosphinothioyl (Mpt).

The examples of protecting groups for carboxyl groups involve, for example, benzyl ester (OBn), cyclohexyl ester, 4-nitrobenzyl ester (OBnNO₂), t-butyl ester (OtBu), 4-picoly ester (OPic) and the like.

In the course of the synthesis of the present novel compounds, specific amino acids having functional groups other than amino and carboxyl groups in the branched chain such as arginine, cysteine, serine, and the like may be protected, if necessary, with suitable protecting group. It is preferable that for example, the guanidino group (N^G) in arginine may be protected with nitro, p-toluenesulfonyl

(Tos), benzyloxycarbonyl (Z), adamantlyloxycarbonyl (Adoc), p-methoxybenzenesulfonyl, 4-methoxy-2,6-dimethylbenzene-sulfonyl (Mds), 1,3,5-trimethylphenylsulfonyl (Mts) and the like, and the thiol group in cysteine may be protected with benzyl, p-methoxybenzyl, triphenylmethyl, acetamidomethyl, ethylcarbamyl, 4-methylbenzyl (4-MeBn), 2,4,6-trimethylbenzyl (Tmb) and the like, and the hydroxyl group in serine may be protected with benzyl (Bn), t-butyl, acetyl, tetrahydropyranyl and the like.

10 N-Acetylated peptides were prepared in analogy to Example 99. The following literature procedures were used to prepare N-alkyl- or N,N-dialkyl-amino acid derivatives.

Lovett, J. A.; Portoghesi, P. J. Med. Chem. 1987, 30, 1144-1149. Borch, R. F.; Hassid, A. I. J. Org. Chem. 1972, 37,

15 Hansen, D. W.; Pilipauskas, D. J. Org. Chem. 1985, 50, 945-950. Grieco, P. A.; Bashas, A. J. Org. Chem.

1987, 52, 5746-5749. Shuman, R. T.; Smithwick, E. L.; Smiley, D. L.; Brooke, G. S.; Gesellchen, P. D. "Peptide: Structure and Function", Proceedings of the Eighth American Peptide Symposium, 1984; p 143-146. Cheung, S. T.; Benoiton,

20 N. L. Can. J. Chem. 1977, 55, 906-910. These reactions were carried out either on the elongated peptide-resin or on amino acid derivatives and then incorporated into the peptide-resin.

25 The following literature procedures were used to prepare (2'S,3S)-3-amino-2-oxo-1-pyrrolidine-(2'-(4'-methyl))-pentanoic acid, (2'R,3S)-3-amino-2-oxo-1-pyrrolidine-(2'-(4'-methyl))-pentanoic acid, and (2'R/S,3S)-3-amino-2-oxo-1-azepine-2'-pentanoic acid: Freidinger, R. M.; Perlow, D. S.;

30 Veber, D. F. J. Org. Chem. 1982, 47, 104-109. The preparation of (2R,S)-2-amino-5-phenylpentanoic acid is described in: Greenstein, J. P.; Winitz, M. "Chemistry of the

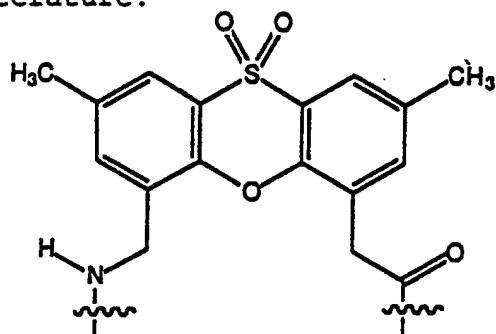
Amino Acids"; John Wiley and Sons, Inc.: New York, 1961; Vol III, p.2387. Perhydroindolecarboxylic acid was synthesized according to the following procedure: Vincent, M.; Remond, G.; Portevin, B.; Serkiz, B.; Laubie, M. *Tetrahedron Lett.*

5 1982, 23, 1677-1682.

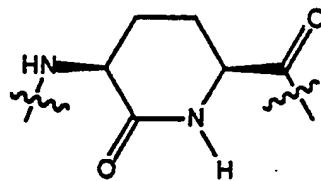
(2S)-2-Amino-4-cyclohexylbutanoic acid: A solution of (2S)-2-amino-4-phenylbutanoic acid (5 g) in 10% HOAc-H₂O (50 mL) was hydrogenated at room temperature at 5 atms with platinum oxide (0.1 g). Removal of catalyst by filtration and evaporation yielded 4.9 g of product. 3-(2'-Perhydronaphthyl)alanine and 3-(1'-perhydronaphthyl)alanine were prepared similarly from L-3-(2'-naphthyl)alanine and L-3-(1'-naphthyl)alanine, respectively.

The following literature procedures were used to prepare N-guanidino substituted arginine derivatives: Mathias, L. J., *Synthesis* 1979, 561-576; Maryanoff, C. A.; Stanzione, R. C.; Plampin; J. M.; Mills, J. E. *J. Org. Chem.* 1986, 51, 1882-1884; Nestor, J. J.; Ho, T. L.; Simpson, R. A.; Horner, B. L.; Jones, G. H.; McRae, G. I.; Vickery, B. H. *J. Med. Chem.* 1982, 25, 795-801. The obtained arginine derivatives were attached to Merrifield resin as described in: Stewart, J. M.; Young, J. D."Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis", 2nd edition; Pierce Chemical Co.: Rockford, Illinois, 1984; p 71-72. The amino acid resin obtained was used to construct the peptide, followed by cleavage and purification to yield the desired peptide analog.

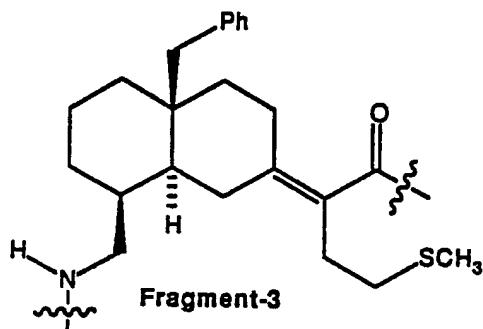
The following fragments are prepared as described in the literature:



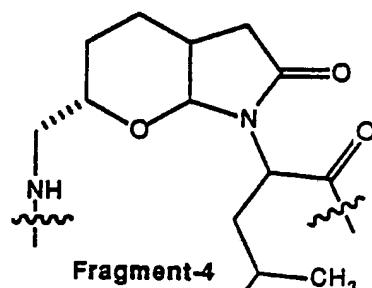
Fragment-1



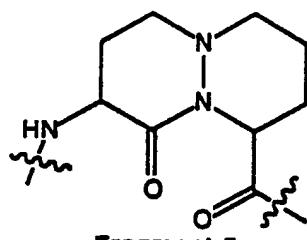
Fragment-2



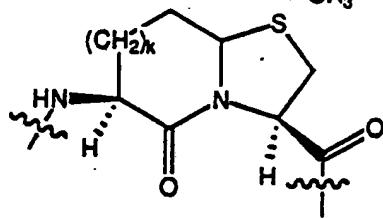
Fragment-3



Fragment-4



Fragment-5



Fragment-6 k=0,1,2

References:

1. Fiegel, M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 1986, 108, 181.
- 10 2. Kemp, D. S.; McNamara, P. E. *J. Org. Chem.* 1985, 50, 5834.

3. Belanger, P. C.; Dufresne, C.; Scheigetz, J.; Yang, R.N.; Springer, J. P.; Dmitrienko, G. I. *Can. J. Chem.* 1982, 60, 1019.
4. Krstenansky, J. L.; Baranowksi, R. L.; Currie, B. L. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 1982, 109, 1368.
5. Attwood, M. R.; Francis, R. J.; Hassall, C. H.; Krohn, A.; Lawton, G.; Natoff, I. L.; Nixon, J. S.; Redshaw, S.; Thomas, W. A. *FEBS Lett.* 1984, 165, 201.
6. (a) Nagai, U.; Sato, K. *Tetrahedron Lett.* 1985, 647.
10 (b) Baldwin, J.; Lee, E. *Tetrahedron Lett.* 1986, 42, 6551.

The compounds of the invention were prepared by standard solid phase peptide synthesis conditions as described in "Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis" by J. M. Stewart and J. D. Young, Second Edition (1984) and illustrated in Examples 1
15 and 2 in the experimental section.

The compounds of the invention may also be prepared by partial solid phase synthesis, fragment condensation methods and classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y. S. Klausner, and M. A. Ondetti (1976).

The standard chirality descriptors "R" and "S" are used to indicate an isomerically pure center, "RS" to indicate a mixture, and "R/S" to indicate a single pure isomer of undetermined configuration. The descriptor "+" refers to a d,l mixture of amino acids at the indicated residue. The descriptor $\Psi\{X\}$ indicates the group, X, that is a replacement for the standard peptide bond, $-C(O)NH-$. The descriptor "*" or "***" when written in a chemical name indicates the site of a disulfide or amide linkage, respectively.

30 The foregoing may be better understood by reference to the following examples which are provided for illustration and not limitation of the practice of the invention. Unless

otherwise indicated, the standard peptide methods described above and in examples 1 and 2 were used to assemble the different products, using the precursors indicated by the specific peptide sequence. The product was at least 95%
5 pure, and gave NMR and mass spectra consistent with the proposed structure.

Example 1

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl(N-epsilon-Cbz)-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-D-Alanyl-Arginyl(N-guanidino-Tos)-Merrifield Resin
Boc-Arg(N-guanidino-Tos)-Merrifield resin (0.4-1.0 g) was placed in a solid phase peptide synthesis vessel and amino acids were attached to the resin sequentially in the
15 following order: Boc-D-Alanine, Boc-Leucine, Boc-(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoic acid, Boc-(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoic acid, Boc-Alanine, (N-alpha-Boc,N-epsilon-Cbz)Lysine, Boc-Phenylalanine, according to the protocol outlined in Agenda A to yield the protected peptide
20 resin: H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl(N-epsilon-Cbz)-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-D-Alanyl-Arginyl(N-guanidino-Tos)-Merrifield resin. Following the synthesis, the protected peptide resin was removed from the reaction vessel by washing
25 the resin three times with 20 mL DMF into a 30-60 mL sintered glass funnel, followed by washing the resin three times with 20 mL methylene chloride. The resin was dried at least five hours, then weighed.

Agenda A

1. Deblock : 45% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) in methylene chloride containing 2.5% anisole (v/v/y).
2. Neutralization : 10% diisopropylethylamine (DIEA) in methylene chloride (v/v)
3. Single Coupling : 0.2-0.4M Boc-amino acid derivative in N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF), 0.2-0.4M diisopropylcarbodiimide (DIC) in methylene chloride, reaction time, 60 minutes.
- 10 4. Resin base washing : 10% DIEA in methylene chloride (v/v).
- 5 5. Single Coupling repeated : same as Step 3.
6. Go to next amino acid residue (go back to Step 1).
- 15 7. Upon attachment of the final amino acid to the growing peptide chain, the protecting group (t-Boc) is removed as in Step 1.

Example 2

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

The protected peptide resin of Example 1 (0.6 g) was treated with 1.0 mL anisole and 10 mL hydrogen fluoride (HF) for 60 minutes at 0°C. The HF and anisole were removed in vacuo at 0°C, and the mixture of the peptide and resin was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 25 mL). The crude peptide was extracted from the mixture by treatment with portions of 20 % aqueous acetic acid (4 x 25 mL), lyophilized to a dry amorphous powder, and purified by high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) {column: 21.4 mm ID x 25 cm or 41.4 mm ID x 25 cm, Dynamax (Rainin), 8um silica, C18 reverse-phase column}. The sample was purified by gradient elution {from

20 to 60% (80% acetonitrile in water with 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid) at a flow rate of 15-45 mL/min.
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1011 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.91), Lys (1.01), Ala (2.06), Cha (1.96), Leu (0.91), Arg (1.04)

5

Example 3

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1025 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (0.98), Glx (1.07), Gly (0.97), Met (0.96), Leu (1.05), His (0.97), Lys (0.98), Arg (1.04)

10

Example 4

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Phenylalanyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1045

15

Example 5

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-(Fragment-1)-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-Arginyl-OH

20

Example 6

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Aminohexanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Aminohexanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Aminohexanoyl}-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺= 993 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (0.96), Gly (0.98), His (0.84), Lys (1.01), Arg(1.05), Nle (3.07)

25

Example 7

H-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-{(2'S,3S)-3-Amino-2-oxo-1-pyrrolidine-{2'-(4'-methyl)}-pentanoyl}-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=939

30

Example 8

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-3-Aminopropanoyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1087 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (1.01), Leu (0.99), Cha (1.98), His (0.93), Lys (1.01), Arg (1.03)

Example 9

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-(Fragment-2)-Arginyl-OH

Example 10

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Threonyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=999 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (0.96), Thr (0.78), Gly (1.02), Met (0.84), Leu (1.05), His (0.95), Lys (0.84), Arg (1.03)

Example 11

20 Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Isoleucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1087

25

Example 12

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DMethionyl-Arginyl-OH

30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1147 Amino Acid Anal.: His (1.10), Lys (0.94), Asp (0.96), Cha (1.84), Leu (1.01), Met (0.96), Arg (1.03)

Example 13

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-Pipecolyl(±)-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1127 Amino Acid Anal.: His (1.19), Lys (1.04), Asp (1.09), Cha (1.71), Leu (1.04), Arg (0.92)

Example 14

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-(Fragment-3)-

10 Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

Example 15

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-4-cyclohexylbutanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-4-cyclohexylbutanoyl}-

15 Leucyl-DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1115

Example 16

H-6-Aminohexanoyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-

20 cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=893

Example 17

25 Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1043

45

Example 18

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-(Fragment-4)-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

5

Example 19

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Cysteinyl(Acm)-Cysteinyl(Acm)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1129

10

Example 20

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-DTryptophyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1120

15

Example 21

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Histidyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1049

20

Example 22

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-DTryptophyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1120

25

Example 23

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Histidyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1071

30

Example 24

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-(Fragment-5)-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

5

Example 25

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Cysteinyl*-Cysteinyl*-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=985

10

Example 26

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Valyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1073 Amino Acid Anal.: His (1.17), Lys (1.00), Asp (0.93), Cha (1.71), Val (1.00), Ala (0.90), Arg (0.97)

Example 27

20

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DSeryl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1103 Amino Acid Anal.: His (1.06), Lys (1.19), Asp (0.83), Cha (1.93), Leu (1.04), Ser (0.50), Arg

25

(0.91)

Example 28

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-(Fragment-6)-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-

30

Arginyl-OH

Example 29

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1172 Amino Acid Anal.: His (1.09), Lys (0.97), Asp (0.93), Cha (1.74), Leu (0.95), Arg (1.96)

Example 30

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2'S,3S)-3-Amino-2-oxo-1-pyrrolidine-(2'-(4'-methyl))-pentanoyl)-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1017

Example 31

15 Ac-(4-NO₂)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1142

Example 32

20 H-Phenylalanyl-((2S)-2Amino-6-trifluoroacetamido hexanoyl)-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

Example 33

25 Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Glutaminyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1100

Example 34

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Cysteinyl (Ac)_m -{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl} -{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl} -Leucyl-D_nCysteinyl (Ac)_m -Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1249

Example 35

H-Phenylalanyl -{(2S)-2-Amino-6-formamido hexanoyl} -Alanyl -{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl} -{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl} -Leucyl-D_nAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10

Example 36

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Alanyl -{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl} -Leucyl-D_nAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1005

Example 37

Ac-Histidyl-(N-delta-iPr)Ornithyl-Asparaginyl -{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl} -{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl} -Leucyl-D_nAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1114 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.00), Leu (1.01), His (1.11), Cha (1.79), Arg (1.01)

Example 38

25 Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl -{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl} -{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl} -Leucyl-D_nAlanyl-Arginyl-NHNH₂

N-Acetyl-Histidyl-Lysyl(N-epsilon-Cbz)-Asparaginyl -{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl} -{(2S)-2-Amino-3-

30 cyclohexylpropanoyl} -Leucyl-D_nAlanyl-Arginyl(N-guanidino-Tos)-OResin (0.62g) was suspended in 10 mL of N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF), and 1 mL of anhydrous hydrazine was

added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 days and filtered. The resin was washed with an additional 10 mL of DMF, and the combined DMF solution was poured into 100 mL of diethylether. Upon cooling the mixture, it gradually solidified. The solid was collected by filtration, washed with 50 mL of water and dried. The dry solid obtained (approximately 160 mg) was treated with HF and anisole, as described in Example 2. After lyophilization, 153 mg of crude peptide was obtained which was purified by HPLC (Example 2) to yield 35.6 mg of pure peptide that gave NMR and mass spectra consistent with the desired product.
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺= 1099

Example 39

15 Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Aminopentanoyl)-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1189 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.00), His (1.11), Cha (1.89), Lys (0.98), Arg (1.01)

20

Example 40

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-Glycyl-Glycyl-OH

25

30

50

Example 41

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl- $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino-3-}\text{cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}-\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}-$ Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OCH₃

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1100 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (0.91), Ala (0.90), Leu (0.96), His (1.08), Cha (1.65), Lys (0.97), Arg (0.95)

Example 42

10 Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl- $\{(2R)-2\text{-Amino-3-}\text{cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}-\{(2R)-2\text{-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}-$ Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1087 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (0.99), Ala (0.95), Leu (1.02), His (1.07), Cha (1.80), Lys (1.03), Arg (1.02)

Example 43

20 Ac-Alanyl-Arginyl-Asparaginyl- $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino-3-}\text{cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}-\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}-$ Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1048 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (1.01), Ala (1.94), Leu (1.02), Cha (1.88), Arg (2.08)

Example 44

25 Ac-Lysyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl- $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino-3-}\text{cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}-\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}-$ Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1077 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (0.98), Ala (0.93), Leu (1.01), Cha (1.87), Lys (2.01), Arg (1.01)

30

Example 45

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-{(4R)-(4-Ethyl)Agmatine}

5 N-alpha-Boc-N-guanidino-Tosyl-Arginine is converted to its aldehyde which is reacted with methylenetriphenylphosphorane using a modified literature procedure (Luly, J. R.; Dellaria, J. F.; Plattner, J. J.; Soderquist, J. L.; Yi, N. J. Org. Chem. 1987, 52, 1487) followed by hydrogenation on 10 Pd/C to yield (4R)-N-alpha-Boc-N-guanidino-Tosyl-(4-Ethyl)Agmatine. The protected peptide: N-Boc-(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-N-epsilon-Cbz-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanine is synthesized according to the procedure of Example No. 309. The above agmatine derivative is treated 15 with 4N-HCl/Dioxane, and the resulting salt is coupled with the protected peptide using a DCC/HOBt mediated coupling procedure. The protecting groups are removed by treatment with liquid HF/anisole according to the procedure of Example 20 2.

Example 46

H-Lysyl-Phenylalanyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-
25 Leucyl-DALanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺= 1055

Example 47

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-4-Aminobutanoyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=872 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.99), Lys (1.01), Gaba (0.97), Cha (0.94), Leu (1.06), Ala (1.00), Arg (1.00)

Example 48

H-DPhenylalanyl-DLysyl-DAspartyl-DMethionyl-DGlutaminyl-DLeucyl-Arginyl-DArginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1093 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.97), Glx (1.05), Met (0.61), Leu (1.03), Phe (0.97), Lys (0.94), Arg (2.04)

15

Example 49

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-(NH(alpha)Phenethyl(R/S)}

The protected peptide: N-Boc-(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-N-epsilon-Boc-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanine is prepared by the method described below. The peptide chain is elongated by the same method described in Example 1, except that after N-alpha-Fmoc-N-epsilon-Boc-Lysine is coupled, the sequence is stopped at agenda A-step 5. The obtained N-alpha-Fmoc-N-epsilon-Boc-Lysyl-peptide resin is treated with DMF:piperidine (1:1) for 30 minutes at room temperature. After the peptide resin is washed with DMF and methylene chloride, the next synthetic protocol (Example 1, agenda A-step 3) is initiated with the exception that the N-terminal protecting group is not removed at the end of the synthesis. The fully protected peptide is obtained by the procedure of

Example 309. The protected peptide is coupled with alpha-phenethylamine using DCC/HOBt. The protecting groups are removed by treatment with 4N-HCl/dioxane to give the desired compound.

5

Example 50

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Prolyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1037 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.01), Lys (1.01), Pro (1.02), Cha (1.96), Leu (1.09), Ala (0.88), Arg (1.04)

Example 51

15 H-Phenylalanyl-Histidyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1148 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.95), His (1.07), Lys (0.98), Ala (1.64), Cha (1.76), Leu (1.02), Arg (0.98)

Example 52

Hydrocinnamoyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1040 Amino Acid Anal.: Lys (0.64), Asp (0.73), Cha (1.93), Leu (1.04), Ala (0.82), Arg (1.04)

54

Example 53

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-{(4R)-(4-(beta-Phenethyl))Agmatine}

5 (4R)-N-alpha-Boc-N-guanidino-Tosyl-(4-(beta-
Phenethyl))Agmatine is synthesized by the method described in
Example 45 with the exception that benzyltriphenyl-
phosphorane is used instead of methylenetriphenylphosphorane.
The Boc group is removed by treatment with 4N-HCl/dioxane,
10 and the resulting amine salt is coupled with the protected
heptapeptide (cited in Example 45) using DCC/HOBt. The
protecting groups are removed by treatment with liquid
HF/anisole to give the desired compound.

15

Example 54

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-DProlyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-
Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1037 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.00), Lys
(1.01), Pro (1.06), Cha (1.94), Leu (1.09), Ala (0.86), Arg
(1.04)

Example 55

25 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2'S,3S)-3-Amino-2-oxo-1-pyrrolidine-
(2'-(4'-methyl))-pentanoyl}-DALanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=985 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.98), Lys
(0.94), Asp (1.01), Cha (0.95), Ala (1.06), Arg (1.07)

30

Example 56

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DProlyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺= 1037 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.99), Lys (0.99), Ala (0.93), Cha (1.94), Leu (1.09), Pro (0.83), Arg (1.07)

Example 57

10 H-Phenylalanyl-Histidyl-Lysyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺= 1077

15 **Example 58**

Ac-(4-NH₂)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1112 Amino Acid Anal.: (4-NH₂)Phe

20 (0.75), Lys (1.02), Asp (0.98), Cha (1.90), Leu (1.09), Ala (0.99), Arg (1.03)

Example 59

25 (N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-SCH₂CH₃

N-alpha-Boc-Arginine is reacted with ethylmercaptan, according to the procedure described by Yamada, S.; Yokoyama, Y.; Shioiri, T. J. Org. Chem. 1974, 39, 3302. The ester obtained is treated with 4N-HCl/dioxane and coupled with the protected heptapeptide (cited in Example 49). Final

deprotection is carried out by treatment with 4N-HCl/dioxane to give the desired product.

Example 60

5 Ac-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl-Histidyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Tryptophyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1110

Example 61

10 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-6-Aminohexanoyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=900 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.98), Lys (0.99), Cha (0.94), Leu (1.07), Ala (1.01), Arg (1.02)

15 **Example 62**

H-(4-I)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1137

20

Example 63

H-Tyrosyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1027 Amino Acid Anal.: Tyr (0.32), Lys (1.00), Ala (1.89), Cha (1.45), Leu (1.19), Arg (1.12)

30

Example 64

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-Arginyl-NHCH₂CH₃

5 N-alpha-Boc-Arginine is coupled with ethylamine using
mixed anhydride method conditions. Deprotection of the
product with 4N-HCl/dioxane yields arginine ethylamide
dihydrochloride which is coupled with the protected
heptapeptide (cited in Example 49) using DCC/HOBt. The
10 protecting groups are removed by treatment with 4N-
HCl/dioxane to give the desired product.

Example 65

15 H-Phenylalanyl-Arginyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1083 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.94), Arg (1.98), Asp (1.07), Cha (2.01), Leu (1.14), Ala (0.82)

20 Example 66

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
 FAB^+ MS: $(M+H)^+ = 973$

Example 67

H-(4-CH₃)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1025 Amino Acid Anal.: (4-Me)Phe (0.76), Lys (0.99), Ala (1.71), Cha (1.92), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.02)

58

Example 68

H-(4-F)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1029

Example 69

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-NHCH₂C₆H₅

10 This compound is prepared by the same method described in Example 64 with the exception that benzylamine is used instead of ethylamine.

15

Example 70

H-(4-F)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1029 Amino Acid Anal.: (4-F)Phe (0.96), Lys (1.03), Ala (1.94), Cha (1.96), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.00)

Example 71

H-(3-F)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1029 Amino Acid Anal.: (3-F)Phe (0.84), Lys (1.00), Ala (1.84), Cha (1.98), Leu (1.03), Arg (0.99)

30

Example 72

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-NH(2-Pyridyl)methyl

5 This compound is synthesized by the same method described in Example 64 with the exception that (2-pyridyl)methylamine is used instead of ethylamine.

Example 73

10 H-(3-F)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1029 Amino Acid Anal.: (3-F)Phe (0.85), Lys (0.99), Ala (0.84), Cha (1.98), Leu (1.03), Arg (1.00)

15

Example 74

H-(2-F)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1029 Amino Acid Anal.: (2-F)Phe (1.01), Lys (1.00), Ala (1.95), Cha (2.02), Leu (1.08), Arg (1.04)

Example 75

25 H-(2-F)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1029 Amino Acid Anal.: (2-F)Phe (0.99), Lys (0.99), Ala (1.84), Cha (1.98), Leu (1.03), Arg (1.00)

30

60

Example 76

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-NHNHC₆H₅

5 The compound is prepared in analogy to Example 38.

Example 77

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Leucyl-Leucyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Histidyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=912

Example 78

H- (4-NO₂)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1056 Amino Acid Anal.: (4-NO₂)Phe

(0.69), Lys (0.99), Ala (1.83), Cha (1.94), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.00) "

20

Example 79

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Phenylalanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1087

25

Example 80

Phenoxyacetyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=998

Example 81

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-N(-CH₂C₆H₅)NH₂

5 The compound is prepared in analogy to Example 38.

Example 82

H-Tryptophyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1050

Example 83

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Histidyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1077

Example 84

20 H-{3-(2'-Naphthyl)alanyl}-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1061

25

Example 85

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OCH₂C₆H₅

30 N-alpha-Boc-Arginine is converted to its benzyl ester, according to the procedure described by Wang, S.-S.; Gisin, B. F.; Winter, D. P.; Makofske, R.; Kulesha, I. D.; Tzougraki, C. and Meienhofer, J. J. Org. Chem. 1977, 42,

1286. The compound obtained is treated with 4N-HCl/dioxane and coupled with the protected heptapeptide (cited in Example 45) using DCC/HOBt . The protecting groups are removed by treatment with 4N-HCl/dioxane to give the desired product.

5

Example 86

H-(3-(1'-Naphthyl)alanyl)-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1061**Example 87**

H-(3-F)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-Lysyl-DAlanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-DAlanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=947**Example 88**

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-3-(Aminomethyl)benzoyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=920**Example 89**

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DPipocolyl-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1051**Example 90**

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-NHOCH₃

The compound is prepared in analogy to Example 38.

63

Example 91

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl-Phenylalanyl-Phenylalanyl-
Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1042

5

Example 92

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Phenylalanyl-Phenylalanyl-Leucyl-
DALanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=999

10

Example 93

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Phenylalanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-
Leucyl-DAlanyl-Histidyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1068

15

Example 94

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-4-pentenoyl)-Leucyl-
Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
20

20

Example 95

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl-(2-CH₃)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-(2-
CH₃)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1102 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (1.01), Leu
(0.97), His (0.89), Ala (1.00), Lys (1.01), Arg (1.04)

25

Example 96

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl-(4-CH₃)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-(4-
CH₃)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1102

Example 97

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{2-Amino-2-methyl-propanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5

Example 98

Ac-Arginyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1105 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (0.97), Ala (0.98), Leu (1.02), Cha (1.88), Lys (1.01), Arg (2.02)

Example 99

15 Ac-Aspartyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

The trifluoroacetic acid salt of Aspartyl(beta-Benzyl)-Lysyl(N-epsilon-Cbz)-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-D-Alanyl-Arginine(N-guanidino-Tos)-OResin (0.56 g) was prepared according to the procedure described in Example 1. The peptide-resin obtained was washed with 10%-diisopropylethylamine (DIEA) in methylene chloride (3 x 15 mL, 45 seconds each) and methylene chloride (4 x 15 mL). 20 10%-DIEA in methylene chloride (15 mL) was introduced into the reaction vessel and acetic anhydride (0.47 mL, 5 mmole) was added. It was reacted at room temperature for 1 hour and repeated if necessary (until Kaiser test was negative). The N-acetyl-peptide-resin was treated with HF and anisole to 25 yield 127.3 mg of dried powder. A portion of the powder (75 mg) was purified by HPLC, according to the procedure

mentioned in Example 2 to yield 40.4 mg of pure product consistent with proposed structure.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1064 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (1.85), Ala (1.04), Leu (1.08), Cha (1.89), Lys (0.96), Arg (1.07)

5

Example 100

H-{(2R)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-DLysyl-DAspartyl-{(2R)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2R)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-DLeucyl-Alanyl-DArginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1061

Example 101

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{Aminocyclopropyl-1-carbonyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15

Example 102

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Lysyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1068

Example 103

H-{3-(2'-Thienyl)alanyl(±)}-Lysyl-Histidyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1084

Example 104

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-(4-I)Phenylalanyl-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1049

Example 105

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{Aminocyclohexyl-1-carbonyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5

Example 106

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-4-cyclohexylbutanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=943

10

Example 107

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-(3-F)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁻ MS: (M-H)⁻=939

15

Example 108

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-(3-F)Phenylalanyl(R/S)-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=941

20

Example 109

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-4-phenylbutanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=937

25

Example 110

Ac-{(1R/S)(2R/S)((Z)-1-Amino-2-phenylcyclopropyl)-1-carbonyl}-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-

30

OH

The C-terminal heptapeptide is prepared under standard solid phase peptide synthesis conditions. The epsilon

nitrogen of lysine is protected as its Fmoc derivative which remains intact through the acidic cleavage of the heptapeptide from the resin. Racemic ((Z)-1-Acetamido-2-phenylcyclopropane)-1-carboxylic acid is prepared from Z-
5 acetamidocinnamic acid according to the methodology given in, Schmidt, U.; Lieberknecht, A.; Wild, J. *Synthesis* 1988, 159-172, and the references cited therein. This amino acid is then coupled in solution phase to the heptapeptide by the mixed acid anhydride method, and the Fmoc group is removed
10 with piperidine. Separation of the diastereomeric products by HPLC furnishes the final product.

Example 111

H-Isoleucyl-Seryl-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-
15 3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1255

Example 112

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2R/S)-2-Aminooctanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=917

Example 113

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2R/S)-2-Aminooctanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=917

Example 114

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-(3-(2'-Thienyl)alanyl(R/S))-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=929

Example 115

Ac-{(Z)-2-Amino-3-phenyl-2-propenoyl}-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

The C-terminal heptapeptide is prepared using standard
5 solid phase peptide synthesis techniques. The lysine is incorporated with the epsilon nitrogen protected with Fmoc which survives HF cleavage of the peptide from the resin and removal of the other protecting groups. Z-Acetamidocinnamic acid is coupled to the heptapeptide in solution phase
10 employing the mixed acid anhydride method. The Fmoc group is subsequently removed with piperidine, and the crude peptide is purified by HPLC.

Example 116

H-Alanyl-Asparaginyl-Isoleucyl-Seryl-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1440

20

Example 117

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Phenylseryl-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=939

25

Example 118

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Leucyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leu-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1053

30

Example 119

(N,N-Dimethyl)Alanyl-(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

5

Example 120

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DALanyl-(omega-N, omega'-N-diethyl)Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1081 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.91), Leu (1.09), Phe (0.96), Cha (1.98), Lys (0.96)

Example 121

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DALanyl-(omega-N-phenyl)Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1087 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.86), Leu (0.98), Phe (1.07), Cha (1.98), Lys (1.11)

20

Example 122

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DALanyl-(omega-N-methyl)Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1025 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.90), Leu (1.25), Phe (0.95), Cha (2.25), Lys (1.08), Arg (1.08)

Example 123

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

30

Example 124

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-NHOH

5 The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 38.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1101

Example 125

Ac-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Glutamyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 The synthesis, deprotection and cleavage of the resin-bound peptide was carried out as outlined in Examples 1 and 2 except for the acetylation of the N-terminus which occurred
15 between the synthesis and deprotection/cleavage steps. The acetylation was carried out as described in "Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis" by John M. Stewart and Janis D. Young, Second Edition (1984), p. 73.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1111

20

Example 126

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Glutamyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1069

Example 127

(N-Benzyl)Glycyl-(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-

30 Arginyl-OH

71

Example 128

H-Phenylalanyl-Ornithyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=997

Example 129

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Lysyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1026

Example 130

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glutamyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1027

Example 131

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Threonyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=999

25

Example 132

(N-Phenyl)Glycyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

30

Example 133

H-Leucyl-Arginyl-Alanyl-Asparaginyl-Isoleucyl-Seryl-
Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-
5 Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1709

Example 134

H-Phenylalanyl-Glutaminyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-
10 cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-
Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1055

Example 135

15 H-Phenylalanyl-Alanyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-
Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=998

Example 136

Alpha-Hydrazinohistidyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-
OH

Example 137

2-Pyridylacetyl-Lysyl-Histidyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-
Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1049

30

Example 138

H- $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino}-4\text{-phenylbutanoyl}\}$ -Lysyl-Histidyl- $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino}-3\text{-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}$ - $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino}-3\text{-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}$ -Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1091

Example 139

(5-Dimethylamino-1-naphthalenesulfonyl)-Lysyl-Histidyl- $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino}-3\text{-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}$ - $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino}-3\text{-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}$ -Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1163

Example 140

Methoxyacetyl-(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl- $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino}-3\text{-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}$ -Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
15

Example 141

{1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-carbonyl(±)}-Lysyl-Histidyl- $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino}-3\text{-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}$ - $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino}-3\text{-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}$ -Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1089

Example 142

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl- $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino}-3\text{-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}$ - $\{(2S)-2\text{-Amino}-3\text{-cyclohexylpropanoyl}\}$ -Leucyl-DPhenylalanyl-Arginyl-OH
25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1087

Example 143

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=955 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.01), Lys (1.07), Ala (1.90), Cha (2.10), Arg (1.06), Gly (.97)

Example 144

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=969 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.03), Lys (1.01), Ala (2.86), Cha (2.11), Arg (1.10)

15

Example 145

H-Phenylalanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-5-ureidopentanoyl}-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1040

20

Example 146

Hydroxyacetyl-(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

25

Example 147

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Lysyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=986

30

Example 148

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glutamyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=987

5

Example 149

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Histidyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2'R/S,3S)-3-Amino-2-oxo-1-azepine-2'-pentanoyl)-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1021**Example 150**

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Histidyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2'R/S,3S)-3-Amino-2-oxo-1-azepine-2'-pentanoyl)-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1021

15

Example 151

beta-Phenylethyl-oxy-acetyl-(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20

Example 152

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-((2R/S)-2-Amino-4,4,4-trifluorobutanoyl)-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1079

25

Example 153

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{3-(2'-Perhydronaphthyl)alanyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=983

30

Example 154

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{3-(2'-Naphthyl)alanyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=973

5

Example 155

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-4,4,4-trifluorobutanoyl}-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1079

10

15

Example 156

2-Methylthioacetyl-(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20

Example 157

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{3-(1'-Naphthyl)alanyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=973

25

Example 158

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{3-(2'-(5'-tert-Butylthienyl)alanyl(R/S))-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=985

30

Example 159

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{3-(2'-(5'-tert-Butylthienyl)alanyl(R/S))-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=985

Example 160

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-(3-(2'-Thienyl)alanyl(R/S))-
Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=929

5

Example 161

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2'RS,3S)-3-Amino-2-oxo-1-pyrrolidine-
{2'-(4'-methyl)}-pentanoyl}-DProlyl-Arginyl-OH

10

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=967

15

Example 162

4-Phenylbutyryl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-
OH

20

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=983

25

Example 164

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Threonyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=959

30

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=915 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (.99), Lys (1.04),
Ala (1.92), Cha (1.00), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.02), Gly (.97)

Example 166

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Lysyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=986

5

Example 167

Phenylacetyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10

Example 168

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Glutamyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=987

15

Example 169

H-{(2S)-2-Amino-4-phenylbutanoyl}-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-4-phenylbutanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=951

20

Example 170

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-4-phenylbutanoyl}-Alanyl-Alanyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=895

25

Example 171

Pyrazylcarbonyl-Lysyl-Histidyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

30

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1036

Example 172

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-(N-Hydroxy)Asparaginyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

5

Example 173

3-Cyclopentylpropanoyl-Lysyl-Histidyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1054**Example 174**

(3-Benzoyl)benzoyl-Lysyl-Histidyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1138**Example 175**

{1, 2, 3, 4-Tetrahydronaphthyl-carbonyl(±)}-Lysyl-Histidyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+Na)⁺=1110**Example 176**

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Glycyl-Ψ{CH₂CO-NH}-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

Example 177

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Nipecotyl(±)-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1051

Example 178

4-Phenylbutanoyl-Lysyl-Histidyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺= 1076

Example 179

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-4-phenylbutanoyl}-(Aminocyclohexyl-3-carbonyl(R/S))-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺= 878

Example 180

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-4-phenylbutanoyl}-(Aminocyclohexyl-3-carbonyl(R/S))-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=878

Example 181

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Glycyl-Ψ{S(O)₂-NH}-{(2S)-2-

25 Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

Example 182

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Threonyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=959

Example 183

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=929 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.05), Lys (.97),
5 Ala (2.69), Cha (.93), Leu (1.20), Arg (1.03)

Example 184

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Glycyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=915 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.10), Lys (1.04), Ala (1.93), Cha (1.01), Leu (1.23), Arg (1.08), Gly (.95)

Example 185

15 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-DAlanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1011

20

Example 186

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{C/C}-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

The Boc-Leu-Gly-OH alkyne isostere is prepared in analogy to the procedure described in the literature. (van Marsenille, M.; Gysen, C.; Tourwe, D.; van Binst, G. *Bull. Soc. Chim. Belg.* 1986, 108, 825.) and incorporated into the peptide by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

30

Example 187

H-Alanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-
{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-
OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=935 Amino Acid Anal.: Lys (.99), Ala (2.48),
Cha (1.74), Leu (1.03), Arg (.98)

Example 188

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-
Leucyl-Alanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1011

Example 189

15 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Glycyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-
Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=997 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (.99), Lys (1.01),
Ala (.73), Cha (1.80), Leu (1.06), Arg (.99), Gly (.95).

20

Example 190

H-Glycyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-
{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-
OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=921 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (.97), Lys (1.03),
Ala (1.70), Cha (1.85), Leu (1.09), Arg (1.00)

30

Example 191

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Glycyl-Ψ{C(=S)-NH}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 The Boc-Glycyl-Ψ{C(=S)-NH}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-OH dipeptide is prepared in analogy to the procedure described in the literature (Maziak, L.; Lajoie, G.; Belleau, B. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 1986, 108, 182.) and incorporated into the peptide by classical solution
10 methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

Example 192

15 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=997 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (.97), Lys (1.00), Ala (.98), Cha (1.82), Leu (1.07), Arg (.98), Gly (.80)

20

Example 193

H-Penicillaminyl*-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Cysteinyl*-Leucyl-DALanyl-Arginyl-OH
The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 334.

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=943**Example 194**

H-DPenicillaminyl*-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Cysteinyl*-Leucyl-DALanyl-Arginyl-OH
30 The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 334.
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=943

Example 195

Benzoyl-Penicillaminyl*-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Cysteinyl*-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 334.

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1047

Example 196

Benzoyl-DPenicillaminyl*-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Cysteinyl*-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 334.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1047

Example 197

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-

15 cyclohexylpropanoyl}-DLysyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=986

Example 198

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-

20 cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{CH₂-O}-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

The Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{CH₂-O}-Glycyl-OH dipeptide is prepared

in analogy to the procedure described in the literature

(Rubini, E.; Gilson, C.; Selinger, Z.; Chorev, M. *Tetrahedron* 1986, 42, 6039.) and incorporated into the peptide by

25 classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M.

Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

Example 199

30 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-

cyclohexylpropanoyl}-DAlanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=929

Example 200

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-(4-NH₂)Phenylalanyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1011

Example 201

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2R)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1011

Example 202

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-DALanyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=969

Example 203

20 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Phenylalanyl-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=923

Example 204

25 H-{2-Aminooctanoyl(±)}-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1196

Example 205

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(R/S)-Perhydroindole-2-carbonyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=927

5

Example 206

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{CH₂-S}-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

The Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{CH₂-S}-Glycyl-OH dipeptide is prepared
10 in analogy to the procedure described in the literature
(Spatola, A.; Anwer, M.; Rockwell, A.; Gierasch, L. J. Am.
Chem. Soc. 1986, 108, 825.) and incorporated into the peptide
by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods
described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M.
15 Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

Example 207

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(R/S)-Perhydroindole-2-carbonyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=927**Example 208**

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=929**Example 209**

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=951

Example 210

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=951

5

Example 211

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-Glycyl-OH

10

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1068

Example 212

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{C(=O)-O}-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

15

The Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{C(=O)-O}-Glycyl-OH dipeptide is prepared in analogy to the procedure described in the literature (Roy, J.; Gazis, D.; Shakman, R.; Schwartz, I.L. *Int. J. Peptide Protein Res.* 1982, 20, 35.) and incorporated into the peptide by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

25

Example 213

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1068

30

Example 214

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(trans-3-propyl)Prolyl(R/S)}-
Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=915

5

Example 215

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(trans-3-propyl)Prolyl(R/S)}-
Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=915

10

Example 216

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(3,5-di-I)Tyrosyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1273

15

Example 217

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-DTryptophyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1044

20

Example 218

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Tryptophyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1044

25

Example No. 219

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{C(=O)-S}-Glycyl-Arginyl-
OH

30

The Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{C(=O)-S}-Glycyl-OH dipeptide is
prepared by standard coupling of Boc-leucine mixed anhydride
with thiolacetic acid and incorporated into the peptide by

classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

5

Example 220

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-DPhenylalanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1005 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (2.00), Lys (1.04), Ala (1.86), Cha (1.26), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.04)

10

Example 221

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-DTryptophyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1044

15

Example 222

H-Phenylalanyl-Alanyl-DLysyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺= 929

20

Example 223

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(3-I)Tyrosyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1145

25

Example 224

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Alanyl-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺= 847

30

Example 225

Iodoacetyl-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Lysyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1154

5

Example 226

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-(4-NO₂)Phenylalanyl-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=968

10

Example 227

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{CH₂C(=O)-O}-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

15 The Boc-Leu-Ψ{CH₂C(=O)-O}-OH is prepared by Arndt-Eistert synthesis as described in the literature (Wakamiya, T.; Uratani, H.; Teshima, T.; Shiba, T. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* 1975, 48, 2401.) Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{CH₂C(=O)-O}-Glycyl-OH is prepared in analogy to Example 212. The peptide is prepared
20 by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

25

Example 228
H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-(4-NH₂)Phenylalanyl-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=938

30

Example 229
H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1025 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.01), Leu (0.99), Phe (0.96), Cha (1.97), Lys (1.04), Arg (1.02)

Example 230

5 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-(N-Methyl)Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1025 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.94), Phe (1.00), Cha (2.00), Lys (1.03), Arg (1.04)

10

Example 231

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Cysteinyl*-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Penicillaminyl*-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15

The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 334.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺= 1059

Example 232

20 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Cysteinyl*-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-DPenicillaminyl*-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 334.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1059 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (0.85), Phe (1.00), Cha (1.98), Lys (0.99), Arg (1.03)

25

Example 233

H-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

30

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1017 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.88), Leu (1.07), Cha (2.78), Lys (1.02), Arg (1.04)

Example 234

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{CH₂C(=O)-S}-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

5 The Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{CH₂C(=O)-S}-Glycyl-OH dipeptide is prepared by standard coupling of Boc-Leu-Ψ{CH₂C(=O)}-OH, which is prepared as described in Example 227, mixed anhydride with thiolacetic acid and incorporated into the peptide by classical solution methods as exemplified by the
10 methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

Example 235

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1025

Example 236

20 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1096

Example 237

25 Phenoxyacetyl-Lysyl-Lysyl**-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl**

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺= 1037

Example 238

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(3,4-dehydro)Proyl(R/S)}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=953

Example 239

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(3,4-dehydro)Proyl(R/S)}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=953

Example 240

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{CH=CH}-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

The Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{CH=CH}-Glycyl-OH ethylenic isostere is prepared in analogy to the procedure described in the literature (Spaltenstein, A.; Carpino, P.; Miyake, E.; Hopkins, P. *Tetrahedron Lett.* 1986, 27, 2095.) and incorporated into the peptide by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

25

Example 241

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(3,4-dehydro)Proyl(R/S)}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=953

30

Example 242

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(3,4-dehydro)Prolyl(R/S)}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=953

5

Example 243

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Glycyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=915

10

Example 244

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

15

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1140

Example 245

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Tryptophyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1044

Example 246

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2R)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

25

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1011

Example 247

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-DAlanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=929

30

Example 248

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{CH₂-CH₂} -Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

5 The Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{CH₂-CH₂} -Glycyl-OH isostere is prepared by hydrogenating Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{CH=CH}-Glycyl-OH, which is prepared as described in Example 240, with palladium-carbon and incorporated into the peptide in analogy to the synthesis of Example 2.

10

Example 249

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-DTryptophyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=988

15

Example 250

H-Histidyl-Lysyl-Phenylalanyl-Tyrosyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1087

20

Example 251

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Glycyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=901 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.00), Lys (1.17), Cha (1.07), Leu (1.08), Ala (.94), Arg (1.07), Gly (1.91)

25 H-(4-NO₂)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-

30 cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1185

Example 253

H-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

5. FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1146

Example 254

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{C(=O)-CH₂} -Glycyl-

10. Arginyl-OH

The Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{C(=O)-CH₂} -Glycyl-OH isostere is prepared in analogy to the procedure described in the literature (McMurray, J.; Dyckes, D. *J. Org. Chem.* 1985, 50, 1112.) and incorporated into the peptide by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

Example 255

20 H-(3-NO₂)Tyrosyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1201

25

Example 256

H-Tryptophyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1179

30

Example 257

H-(3-(2'-Thienyl)alanyl(R/S))-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-

Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1146

Example 258

H-(3-(2'-Thienyl)alanyl(R/S))-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-

10 Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1146

Example 259

H-(4-CH₃)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-

15 cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-

Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1154

Example 260

20 (N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{CH(-OH)-CH₂}-Glycyl-

Arginyl-OH

The Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{C(=O)-CH₂}-Glycyl-OH isostere is prepared in analogy to the procedure described in the

25 literature (McMurray, J.; Dyckes, D. J. Org. Chem. 1985, 50, 1112.), reduced to Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{CH(-OH)-CH₂}-Glycyl-OH with sodium borohydride in methanol and incorporated into the peptide by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M.

30 Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

Example 261

H-{3-(2'-(5'-tert-Butylthienyl))alanyl(±)}-Lysyl-Aspartyl-
{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1202

Example 262

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=901 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.07), Lys (.97),
Ala (1.10), Cha (1.05), Gly (1.64), Leu (1.06), Arg (1.15)

Example 263

H-Histidyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-
15 (4-NH₂)Phenylalanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-(4-NH₂)Phenylalanyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1016

Example 264

H-(4-NH₂)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-

20 cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-
Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1155

Example 265

25 H-(3-NH₂)Tyrosyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-

cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-
Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1171

Example 266

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Phenylalanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1005 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.98), Lys
5 (1.00), Ala (1.90), Cha (1.07), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.04)

Example 267

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{C(=CH₂)-CH₂}-Glycyl-
10 Arginyl-OH

The Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{C(=CH₂)-CH₂}-Glycyl-OH isostere is prepared by condensing methylenetriphenylphosphorane and Boc-Leucyl-Ψ{CO-CH₂}-Glycyl-OH which is prepared as described in the literature (McMurray, J.; Dyckes, D. J. Org. Chem. 1985, 50, 1112.), and incorporated into the peptide by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

Example 268

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Phenylalanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1005 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.98), Lys
25 (1.00), Ala (1.89), Cha (1.10), Leu (1.08), Arg (1.05)

Example 269

H-(1-CH₃)Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1144

Example 270

100

H-(3-CH₃)Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1144

5

Example 271

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1016

10

Example 272

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1062 Amino Acid Anal.: His (0.95), Lys (1.00), Asp (0.97), Cha (0.9), Gln (1.03), Leu (1.05), Ala (0.97), Arg (1.03)

15

Example 273

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=929 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.00), Lys (1.01), Cha (0.96), Ala (2.92), Leu (1.05), Arg (1.02)

20

Example 274

25

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Methylamino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1025 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.63), Leu (1.04), Phe (0.96), Cha (0.95), Lys (0.97), Arg (1.03)

30.

Example 275

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{C(=O)-N(OMe)}-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

5 The Boc-N(OMe)-Glycyl-OH is prepared as described in the literature (Ottenheijm, H.; Herscheid, J. *Chem. Rev.* 1986, 86, 697.), and incorporated into the peptide by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

Example 276

Benzoyl-Penicillaminyl*-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DCysteinyl*-Arginyl-OH

15 The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 334.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1129 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (0.98), Leu (1.01), Cha (1.90), Lys (0.99), Arg (1.03)

20

Example 277

H-DPenicillaminyl*-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DCysteinyl*-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1025

25

Example 278

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Methylamino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1025 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.89), Leu (1.04), Phe (0.96), Cha (0.99), Lys (1.00), Arg (1.08)

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Example 279

Benzoyl-DPenicillaminy1*-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DCysteinyl*-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1129 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (0.84), Leu (0.88), Cha (2.01), Lys (1.01), Arg (1.04)

Example 280

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Glycyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=887 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.02), Lys (1.02), Cha (1.03), Leu (1.09), Arg (1.05), Gly (2.82)

Example 281

15 (N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Gly-Ψ{PO(OH)-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-Arginyl-OH

The Cbz-Gly-Ψ{PO(OH)-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-OH is prepared as described in the literature (Bartlett, P.; Marlowe, C.

Biochemistry 1987, 26, 8554.), and incorporated into the

20 peptide by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

Example No. 282

25 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-DPhenylalanyl-Glycyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=909 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.93), Lys (.99), Ala (2.00), Gly (.98), Leu (1.08), Arg (1.03)

Example 283

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Phenylalanyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=949 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (2.14), Lys (.97),
5 Ala (1.77), Cha (1.04), Gly (.99), Arg (1.13)

Example 284

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-DPhenylalanyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=949 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.96), Lys (1.00), Ala (2.01), Cha (1.02), Gly (1.00), Arg (1.03)

Example 285

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Tryptophyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=988 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.02), Lys (1.04), Ala (1.84), Cha (1.04), Arg (1.11), Gly (.82), Trp (.75)

20

Example 286

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-Alanyl-DArginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1011

25

Example 287

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Gly-Ψ{PO(OMe)-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-Arginyl-OH

The Cbz-Gly-Ψ{PO(OMe)-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-OH is prepared in
30 analogy to the procedure described in the literature
(Bartlett, P.; Marlowe, C. *Biochemistry* 1987, 26, 8554.),
and incorporated into the peptide by classical solution

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methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

5

Example 288

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2R)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-

Alanyl-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=929

10

Example 289

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-

Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=994 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.91), Lys (1.06), Asp (0.94), Met (0.85), Gln (1.02), Leu (1.07), Gly (0.99), Arg (1.02)

15

Example 290

Ac-Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-

cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

20

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1048

Example 291

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-D(4-NO₂)Phenylalanyl-

25 Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1050 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.67), Lys (0.66), Ala (1.59), Cha (0.93), Leu (1.00), D(4-NO₂)Phe (0.92), Arg (1.00)

30

Example 292

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-
{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-
Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1033 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.94), Lys
(1.00), hhPhe (0.82), Cha (0.93), Ala (2.00), Leu (1.04), Arg
(1.01)

Example 293

10 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-
{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-
Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1033

15

Example 294

H-Phenylalanyl-Alanyl-Lysyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=929

20

Example 295

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Alanyl-Leucyl-Alanyl-DAlanyl-
Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=847

25

Example 296

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-
OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=943 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.94), Leu

30 (1.06), Phe (0.96), Cha (0.94), Lys (0.96), Arg (1.02)

Example 297

Formyl- $\Psi\{\text{NH}-\text{CO}\}$ -DPhenylalanyl- $\Psi\{\text{NH}-\text{CO}\}$ -DLysyl- $\Psi\{\text{NH}-\text{CO}\}$ Glycyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-NMeDAla-Arginyl-OH

5 The Formyl- $\Psi\{\text{NH}-\text{CO}\}$ -DPhenylalanyl- $\Psi\{\text{NH}-\text{CO}\}$ -DLysyl- $\Psi\{\text{NH}-\text{CO}\}$ Glycyl-OH fragment is prepared by classical solution methods (exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti 1976.) and is incorporated into the peptide in
10 analogy to Example 2.

\$\$\$

Example 298

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Penicillaminyl*-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DCysteinyl*-Arginyl-OH

15 The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 334.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1101

Example 299

20 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-NCH₃NH₂

The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 38.

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1082 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (1.02), Ala (0.94), Leu (1.05), Phe (0.98), Cha (1.96), Lys (0.97), Arg (1.06)

Example 300

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Asparaginyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-NHNH₂

5 The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 38.
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1068 Amino Acid Anal.: Asx (0.98), Ala (0.99), Leu (1.08), Phe (1.00), Cha (1.97), Lys (1.03), Arg (1.04)

10

Example 301

(N-Methyl)((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1031 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.87), Leu (1.06), Cha (1.96), Lys (1.01), Arg (1.06)

Example 302

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1025 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.87), MePhe (0.87), Leu (1.06), Cha (1.92), Lys (0.98), Arg (1.04)

Example 303

25 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=955 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (.99), Lys (1.03), Ala (1.98), Cha (2.14), Gly (.91), Arg (1.09)

Example 304

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Glycyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=983 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.00), Lys (1.06), Cha (2.18), Gly (1.79), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.08)

Example 305

Ac-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Tyrosyl-OH
10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=978

Example 306

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Tyrosyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1021

Example 307

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Gly-Ψ{PO(NHMe)-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-Arginyl-OH
20

The Cbz-Gly-Ψ{PO(OH)-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-OtBu is prepared in analogy to the procedure described in the literature (Bartlett, P.; Marlowe, C. *Biochemistry* 1987, 26, 8554.) , coupled with methyl amine and deprotected to give Cbz-Gly-Ψ{PO(NHMe)-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-OH. Cbz-Gly-Ψ{PO(NHMe)-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-OH is incorporated into the peptide by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti

25 30 (1976).

Example 308

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-DLeucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1011

Example 309

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Agmatine

The peptide was synthesized following the procedure described in Example 1 with the exception that the N-terminal protecting group was not removed at the end of the synthesis. Cleavage of the peptide from the resin was accomplished by transesterification with methanol as described in "Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis" by John M. Stewart and Janis D. Young, Second Edition (1984), p.91. The methyl ester was hydrolyzed with sodium hydroxide and the peptide then coupled with agmatine sulfate using a DCC mediated coupling procedure. The protecting groups were removed by treatment with liquid HF/anisole.

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=967

Example 310

25 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Sarcosyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=969 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.01), Lys (1.04), Ala (1.87), Cha (1.94), Arg (1.08), Sar (1.10)

30

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Example 311

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Sarcosyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=929 Amino Acid Anal: Phe (.97), Lys (1.00),
5 Ala (1.98), Cha (1.02), Leu (1.04), Arg (1.01), Sar (1.13)

Example 312

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-Sarcosyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1011 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (.97), Lys (1.00), Ala (.96), Cha (1.93), Leu (1.04), Arg (1.03), Sar (.93)

15

Example 313

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Gly-Ψ{PO(NMe₂)₂-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-Arginyl-OH

The Cbz-Gly-Ψ{PO(OH)₂-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-OtBu is prepared in analogy to the procedure described in the literature (Bartlett, P.; Marlowe, C. *Biochemistry* 1987, 26, 8554.), coupled with dimethyl amine and deprotected to give Cbz-Gly-Ψ{PO(NMe₂)₂-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-OH. Cbz-Gly-Ψ{PO(NMe₂)₂-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-OH is incorporated into the peptide by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

30

111

Example 314

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Sarcosyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1011 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (.99), Lys (1.02), Leu (1.07), Ala (.86), Cha (2.12), Arg (1.05), Sar (1.13)

Example 315

10 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Sarcosyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=929 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (.99), Lys (1.04), Ala (1.83), Cha (1.06), Leu (1.08), Arg (1.06), Sar (1.11)

15 **Example 316**

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-DPhenylalanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=991 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (2.00), Lys (1.03), Cha (1.08), Gly (.95), Leu (1.10), Ala (.86), Arg (1.07)

Example 317

25 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-DPhenylalanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=991 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.95), Lys (.99), Ala (1.02), Cha (1.04), Gly (.92), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.05)

Example 318

30 (N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Gly-Ψ{PO(NH₂)₂-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-Arginyl-OH
The Cbz-Gly-Ψ{PO(OH)₂-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-OtBu is prepared in analogy to the procedure described in the literature

(Bartlett, P.; Marlowe, C. *Biochemistry* 1987, 26, 8554.) , coupled with ammonia and deprotected to give Cbz-Gly-Ψ{PO(NH₂)-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-OH. Cbz-Gly-Ψ{PO(NH₂)-NH}-Leucyl-Gly-OH is incorporated into the peptide by classical solution methods as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti (1976).

10 **Example 319**
H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Phenylalanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=991 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.95), Lys (0.97), Gly (0.92), Leu (1.07), Ala (0.93), Arg (1.00)

15 **Example 320**
H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-Tryptophyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1030

20 **Example 321**
H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-Phenylalanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=991 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.94), Lys (.99), Ala (1.02), Gly (.96), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.03)

25
30 **Example 322**
Ac-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1075

Example 323

Ac-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-((2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl)-
((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-
Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1075

Example 324

Formyl-Ψ{NH-CO}-DPhenylalanyl-Ψ{NH-CO}-DLysyl-Ψ{NH-CO-
NH}Glycyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-
10 NMeDAla-Arginyl-OH

The H-DLysyl-DPhenylalanyl-NH₂ fragment is prepared by
classical solution methods (exemplified by the methods
described in "Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, M.
Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and M.A. Ondetti 1976.) and is
15 coupled with methyl isocyanoacetate to give Formyl-Ψ{NH-CO}-
DPhenylalanyl-Ψ{NH-CO}-DLysyl-Ψ{NH-CO-NH}Glycyl-OMe. It is
then hydrolyzed to the corresponding carboxylic acid and
incorporated into the peptide by classical solution methods
as exemplified by the methods described in "Peptide
20 Synthesis", Second Edition, M. Bodanszky, Y.S. Klausner, and
M.A. Ondetti (1976).

Example 325

H-Valyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-
25 Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=881 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (2.93), Val
(1.03), Leu (1.02), Cha (0.97), Lys (1.01), Arg (1.01)

Example 326

H-Phenylalanyl-Sarcosyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=954 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.00), Ala (1.91), Cha (1.98), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.05), Sar (.63)

Example 327

H-Sarcosyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=935 Amino Acid Anal.: Lys (1.12), Ala (1.48), Cha (2.16), Leu (1.17), Arg (1.23), Sar (.63)

15

Example 328

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1019

25

Example 329

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1019

Example 330

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1005

Example 331

Hydrocinnamoyl-(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5

Example 332

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1005**Example 333**

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=957**Example 334**

N-Benzoyl-DPenicillaminyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DCysteinyl-Arginine Cyclic disulfide

N-Benzoyl-DPenicillaminyl(S-4-methylbenzyl)-Lysyl(N-epsilon-Cbz)-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DCysteinyl(S-4-methylbenzyl)-Arginyl(N-guanidino-Tos)-OResin (0.6 g) was prepared by the method of Example 1 and was treated with HF and anisole as illustrated in Example 2. After extraction of the crude peptide by treatment with 2 x 25 mL of degassed 20% aqueous acetic acid, it was then diluted to 1,500 mL with degassed, distilled water. The pH of the solution was adjusted to 8.0 by the addition of concentrated ammonium hydroxide. Potassium ferricyanide aqueous solution (0.01N)

30

was added dropwise to the stirred solution until a yellow color appeared. The resultant solution was stirred for an additional 30 minutes at room temperature, and the pH was adjusted to 5.0 with glacial acetic acid. Packed Bio-Rad 5 anion exchange resin AGX-4 (10 mL, Cl form) was added, stirred for 30 minutes and filtered. The filtrate was applied to a column containing 150 g XAD-16 molecular adsorbent resin. The sample was desalted by first washing the column with 1 L of distilled water and then eluting from 10 the column with 1 L of 50% aqueous ethanol. The combined ethanol fractions were concentrated to approximately 100 mL in vacuo and lyophilized to a dried powder. The crude peptide was then purified by HPLC as described in Example 2. The compound obtained (12 mg) gave NMR and mass spectra 15 consistent with the proposed structure.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1129

Example 335

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
20 cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-DPhenylalanyl-DPhenylalanyl-
Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1025 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (2.92), Lys
(1.01), Ala (1.01), Gly (1.00), Arg (1.06), Cha (1.04)

25

Example 336

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1058

30

Example 337

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-
{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-
Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1019

Example 338

H-Tryptophyl(N-formyl)-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-
Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1078

Example 339

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-
{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-
Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1019

Example 340

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-
{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-
Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1118

25

Example 341

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-
{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-
Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1118

30

Example 342

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-Arginyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1140

Example 343

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1058

Example 344

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Alanyl-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=976

Example 345

H-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1000

Example 346

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=950

Example 347

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-DTryptophyl-Arginyl-OH

30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1030

Example 348

H-Phenylalanyl-(S-2-Aminoethyl)Cysteinyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 The synthesis, deprotection and cleavage of the resin-bound peptide was carried out as outlined in Examples 1 and 2. The S-(2-aminoethyl)-L-cysteine residue was protected as the N-alpha Boc, N-epsilon Cbz derivative prior to incorporation into the peptide.

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1029

Example 349

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1014

Example 350

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-

20 Leucyl-DHistidyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1121

Example 351

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-

25 cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-

Leucyl-DAspartyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1099

Example 352

30 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-

cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1014

120

Example 353

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-
Alanyl-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1014

5

Example 354

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-
DALanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1008

10

Example 355

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-Sarcosyl-Leucyl-
DALanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=861

15

Example 356

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl)-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-Sarcosyl-DAlanyl-
Arginyl-OH

20

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=901

Example 357

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-(N-
Methyl)Alanyl-Sarcosyl-Arginyl-OH

25

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=983

Example 358

(N-(2-phenyl)ethyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1033

30

121

Example 359

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Alanyl-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-
Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=932

5

Example 360

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1030

10

Example 361

Ac-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Leucyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-
Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1018

15

Example 362

Ac-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-
DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1050

20

Example 363

Ac-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Leucyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-
DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1032

25

Example 364

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Prolyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1084

30

122

Example 365

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Arginyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1143

5

Example 366

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-Arginyl-DArginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1140**Example 367**

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DArginyl-DArginyl-OH
15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1140

Example 368

H-(1-CH₃)Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=998

Example 369

H-(3-CH₃)Histidyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=998

Example 370

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1115

123

Example 371

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1000

5

Example 372

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1093

10

Example 373

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2'R/S,3S)-3-Amino-2-oxo-1-pyrrolidine-(2'-(4'-methyl)-pentanoyl)-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1070

15

Example 374

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2'R/S,3S)-3-Amino-2-oxo-1-pyrrolidine-(2'-(4'-methyl)-pentanoyl)-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1070

20

Example 375

H-Phenylalanyl-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-DLeucyl-DArginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1087

25

Example 376

H-{3-(1'-Naphthyl)alanyl}-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1043

30

124

Example 377

H-{3-(2'-Naphthyl)alanyl}-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1043

5

Example 378

H-{3-(2'-Thienyl)alanyl(R/S)}-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1000

10

Example 379

H-{3-(2'-Thienyl)alanyl(R/S)}-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1000

15

Example 380

H-{(2S)-2-Amino-4-phenylbutanoyl}-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1028

20

Example 381

H-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

25

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1042

Example 382

H-{(2R/S)-2-Amino-5-phenylpentanoyl}-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

30

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1042

Example 383

4-Phenylbutanoyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1013

5

Example 384

H-Phenylalanyl-Ψ{CH₂-NH}-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 413.

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=915 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (2.97), Leu (1.02), Cha (0.89), Arg (1.01)

Example 385

15 (N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=957 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (2.04), Leu (1.05), MePhe (0.87), Cha (0.98), Lys (1.03), Arg (1.01)

20

Example 386

(N-alpha-(2-phenyl)ethyl)Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=900

25

Example 387

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-DMethionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1093 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.95), Glx

30 (1.06), Met (0.68), Leu (1.07), Phe (0.97), Lys (0.92), Arg (2.06)

Example 388

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-DGlutaminyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1093 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.95), Glx
5 (1.07), Met (0.61), Leu (1.05), Phe (0.98), Lys (0.91), Arg
(2.04)

Example 389

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-DArginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1093 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.97), Glx
10 (1.06), Met (0.68), Leu (1.05), Phe (0.97), Lys (0.92), Arg
(2.03)

15

Example 390

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-DLeucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1093 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.98), Glx
20 (1.05), Met (0.57), Leu (1.06), Phe (0.97), Lys (0.92), Arg
(2.02)

Example 391

Phenoxyacetyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1001

Example 392

Phenoxypropanoyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1015

Example 393

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Glycyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1197

Example 394

3-Phenylpropanoyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=999

Example 395

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-3-Aminopropanoyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1096

Example 396

H-Phenylalanyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=968

Example 397

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DLysyl-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1112

Example 398

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Isoleucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1055

Example 399

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Alanyl-Alanyl-Isoleucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=891

Example 400

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-DAspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1093 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.97), Glx (1.04), Met (0.59), Leu (1.06), Phe (0.94), Lys (0.89), Arg (2.09)

Example 401

20 H-DPhenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1093 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.95), Glx (1.05), Met (0.59), Leu (1.05), Phe (0.97), Lys (0.93), Arg (2.07)

25

Example 402

(N-Ethyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=971 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (2.02), Leu (1.03), Cha (0.97), Lys (1.01), Arg (0.99)

Example 403

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-NHNH₂

5 The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 38.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=971 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (2.01), MePhe (0.85), Leu (1.02), Cha (0.93), Lys (0.98), Arg (0.99)

Example 404

10 tert-Butyloxycarbonyl-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1029

Example 405

15 (N-iPr)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=985 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (2.07), Leu (0.96), Cha (0.97), Lys (0.99), Arg (0.98)

20

Example 406

H-D(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=957 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.97), Leu (1.04), Cha (0.93), Lys (0.97), Arg (1.02)

30

130

Example 407

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl(NHNH₂)-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-NHNH₂

5 The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 38.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1083

Example 408

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl(NCH₃NH₂)-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-NCH₃NH₂

10 The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 38.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1111

Example 409

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Ψ{CH₂-NH}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15 The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 413.

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=915 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.97), Phe (0.99), Cha (1.79), Lys (1.02), Arg (1.01)

Example 410

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Ψ{CH₂-NH}-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

25 The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 413.

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=915 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (2.02), Phe (0.97), Cha (0.94), Lys (1.01), Arg (0.82)

30

Example 411

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-Ψ{CH₂-NH}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 413.

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=915 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (2.06), Leu (1.05), Phe (0.94), Lys (0.99), Arg (0.95)

Example 412

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Ψ{CH₂-NH}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 413.

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=915 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (2.00), Leu (1.02), Phe (0.97), Lys (1.02), Arg (1.02)

15

Example 413

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Ψ{CH₂-NH}-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

Commercially available N-alpha-Boc-Lysine(N-epsilon-Cbz) 20 was converted to its N,O-dimethylhydroxamate, which was reduced with lithium aluminum hydride to yield N-alpha-Boc-N-epsilon-Cbz-Lysinal, according to the literature: Nahm, S.; Weinreb, S. M. Tetrahedron Lett. 1981, 22, 3815. The peptide chain was then elongated by the method described in Example 25 1, except that after Boc-Alanine was coupled, the sequence was stopped at agenda A-step 2. N-alpha-Boc-N-epsilon-Cbz-Lysinal (235 mg, 3.5 equivalent mole) in 10 mL of DMF containing 0.1% glacial acetic acid was added, followed by sodium cyanoborohydride (404 mg, 10 equivalent mole). The reaction was allowed to proceed at room temperature for 1 hour. After the peptide resin obtained was washed with DMF (3 x 10 mL) and methylene chloride (3 x 10 mL), the next

synthetic protocol (Example 1, Agenda A step 2) was initiated. The peptide-resin was then treated as described in Example 2 to yield 27.8 mg of pure product consistent with proposed structure.

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=915 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.99), Leu (1.01), Phe (0.94), Cha (0.93), Arg (1.06)

Other amino aldehydes (Boc-Phenylalanal, Boc-(2S)-2-amino-3-cyclohexylpropanal, Boc-Alanal, Boc-Leucinal and Boc-D-Alanal were prepared by literature methods: Anhoury, M. L.; Arickx, M.; Crooy, P.; De Neys, R.; Eliaers, J. *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin I* 1974, 191; Hamada, Y.; Shioiri, T. *Chem. Pharm. Bull.* 1982, 30, 1921.

Example 414

15 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-DArginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=994 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.95), Glx (1.08), Gly (0.77), Met (0.56), Leu (1.04), Phe (0.97), Lys (0.94), Arg (1.03)

20

Example 415

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-DLeucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=994 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.96), Glx (0.93), Gly (0.67), Met (0.54), Leu (1.06), Phe (0.97), Lys (0.88), Arg (1.05)

30

Example 416

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-DGlutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=994 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.97), Glx

5 (1.08), Gly (0.67), Met (0.61), Leu (1.04), Phe (0.98), Lys (0.88), Arg (1.05)

Example 417

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-DMethionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=994 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.47), Glx

(0.32), Gly (0.68), Met (0.64), Leu (1.00), Phe (0.27), Lys (0.30), Arg (1.00)

15

Example 418

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-DAspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=994 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.46), Glx

(0.28), Gly (0.68), Met (0.59), Leu (1.00), Phe (0.24), Lys (0.29), Arg (1.00)

20

Example 419

H-Phenylalanyl-DLysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

25

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=994 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.47), Glx

(0.31), Gly (0.84), Met (0.53), Leu (1.04), Phe (0.22), Lys (0.26), Arg (0.96)

30

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Example 420

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Asparty1-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-3-Aminopropanoyl-Leucyl-DArginyl-
Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1058

Example 421

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Ψ{CH₂-NH}-Arginyl-

10 OH

The compound was prepared in analogy to Example 413.
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=915 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.80), Leu
(1.02), Phe (1.02), Cha (1.00), Lys (0.97)

15

Example 422

(N-(3-Phenyl)propyl)Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-
OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=914

20

Example 423

(N,N-di-(3-Phenyl)propyl)Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-
OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1032 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (2.10), Leu
(1.06), Cha (0.97), Lys (0.93), Arg (1.04)

30

Example 424

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Arginyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1022 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.62), Gly (0.99), Met (0.49), Leu (1.13), Phe (0.30), Lys (0.35), Arg (1.88)

Example 425

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Arginyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1035 Amino Acid Anal.: Glx (0.38), Gly (0.83), Met (0.91), Leu (1.13), Phe (0.27), Lys (0.27), Arg (1.96)

15

Example 426

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Lysyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=966 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.70), Glx (0.32), Gly (0.94), Met (0.66), Leu (1.19), Phe (0.35), Lys (1.89)

20

Example 427

H-Phenylalanyl-Ornithyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=980 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.49), Glx (0.32), Gly (0.71), Met (0.65), Leu (1.00), Phe (0.33), Orn (0.25), Arg (1.00)

30

Example 428

H-DPhenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=994 Amino Acid Anal.: Asp (0.45), Glx

5 (0.30), Gly (0.70), Met (0.68), Leu (1.00), Phe (0.30), Lys (0.43), Arg (1.00)

Example 429

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1197

Example 430

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-DArginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1197

20

Example 431

3-Phenylpropanoyl-Lysyl-Aspartyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=979

25

Example 432

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Arginyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1014 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.86), Leu (1.04), Phe (1.00), Cha (0.96), Lys (0.99), Arg (1.97)

30

Example 433

(N-Allyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=983 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (1.98), Leu (1.04), Cha (0.94), Lys (0.96), Arg (1.02)

Example 434

(N,N-di-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=971 Amino Acid Anal.: Ala (2.01), Leu (1.06), Cha (0.88), Lys (0.91), Arg (1.03)

15

Example 435

Pyrazylcarbonyl-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1035

20

Example 436

Benzoyl-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1033

25

Example 437

2-Pyridylacetyl-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1048

30

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Example 438

Ac-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=971

5

Example 439

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-(N-Bn)Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1005

10

Example 440

{(3R/S)-1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-carbonyl}-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=927 Amino Acid Anal.: Gly (0.90), Lys (1.01), Ala (1.78), Cha (0.98), Leu (1.00), Arg (1.02)

Example 441

{(3R/S)-1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-carbonyl}-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=927 Amino Acid Anal.: Gly (0.92), Lys (1.02), Ala (1.90), Cha (0.99), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.04)

25

Example 442

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-{(3R/S)-1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-carbonyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1003

30

139

Example 443

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-((3R/S)-1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-carbonyl)-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1003 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.97), Lys (0.94), Ala (0.80), Gly (1.00), Leu (1.06), Arg (1.04)

Example 444

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((3R/S)-1,2,3,4-

10 Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-carbonyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺= 921 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.96), Lys (0.97), Ala (1.82), Gly (0.96), Leu (1.05), Arg (1.03)

15

Example 445

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((3R/S)-1,2,3,4-

Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-carbonyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=921 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.01), Lys (1.00), Ala (1.99), Gly (0.93), Leu (1.13), Arg (1.09)

Example 446

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-

cyclohexylpropanoyl)-((3R/S)-1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-carbonyl)-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1017 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.99), Lys (0.96), Ala (1.69), Cha (0.99), Leu (1.06), Arg (1.00)

30

140

Example 447

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(3R/S)-1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-
carbonyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1017 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.01), Lys
(1.02), Ala (1.79), Cha (0.99), Leu (1.10), Arg (1.08)

Example 448

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-{(3R/S)-1,2,3,4-
Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-carbonyl}-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=961 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.99), Lys
(1.04), Ala (1.94), Gly (1.03), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.08)

15

Example 449

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-{(3R/S)-1,2,3,4-
Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-carbonyl}-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=961 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (1.00), Lys
(1.03), Ala (2.01), Gly (0.94), Leu (1.07), Arg (1.02)

Example 450

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-
cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-{(3R/S)-1,2,3,4-
Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-carbonyl}-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1003 Amino Acid Anal.: Phe (0.90), Lys
(0.91), Ala (1.02), Gly (0.98), Leu (1.02), Arg (1.06)

30

Example 451

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-{(3R/S)-1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-carbonyl}-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1003

Example 452

(N,N-di-Allyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1023 Amino Acid Anal.: Lys (0.91), Cha (0.98), Gly (0.99), Leu (1.05), Arg (0.99)

Example 453

(N-Allyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=983 Amino Acid Anal.: Lys (0.93), Cha (0.90), Gly (0.91), Leu (1.05), Arg (1.02)

20

Example 454

2-Indolylcarbonyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

25 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=939 Amino Acid Anal.: Lys (0.86), Cha (0.97), Gly (1.01), Leu (1.03), Arg (0.96)

Example 455

(N,N-di-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

30 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=971

Example 456

Ac-(Z-dehydro)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(N-Methyl)Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Glycyl-Leucyl-(N-Methyl)DALanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=983 Amino Acid Anal.: Lys (1.02), Gly (1.01), Cha (0.94), Leu (1.01), Arg (0.97)

Example 457

Pivaloyl-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-((2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl)-Alanyl-Leucyl-DALanyl-Arginyl-OH
10 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1013

Example 458

H-Phenylalanyl-Arginyl-Arginyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH
15 FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1063 Amino Acid Anal.: Glx (0.31), Gly (0.84), Met (0.82), Leu (1.11), Phe (0.33), Arg (2.23)

Example 459

20 H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Arginyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Alanyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=950 Amino Acid Anal.: Glx (0.35), Gly (1.02), Ala (1.45), Met (0.97), Leu (1.31), Phe (0.26), Lys (0.30), Arg (1.00)

25

Example 460

(N-Methyl)Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Arginyl-Methionyl-Glutaminyl-Leucyl-Glycyl-Arginyl-OH

FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=1049 Amino Acid Anal.: Glx (0.38), Gly (0.79), Met (0.91), Leu (0.92), Lys (0.14), Arg (1.67)

Example 461

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Alanyl-Leucyl-Azaglycyl-Arginyl-OH
FAB⁺ MS: (M+H)⁺=917.

5 This peptide was prepared using methodology similar to that described in: Dutta, A. S.; Giles, M. B.; Williams, J. C. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. I* 1986, 1655-64; Dutta, A. S.; Giles, M. B.; Gormley, J. J.; Williams, J. C.; Kusner, E. J. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. I* 1987, 111-120.

10

Example 462

H-Phenylglycanyl-Lysyl-Alanyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Glycanyl-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

15

Example 463

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-Cysteinyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

20 The protected peptide resin: H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl(N-epsilon-Cbz)-Cysteinyl(S-4-methylbenzyl)-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl(N-guanidino-Tos)-Merrifield resin is prepared as described in Example 1. The peptide is cleaved from the resin as described in Example 2 with the following
25 precautions: the peptide is extracted with degassed 20% aqueous acetic acid following cleavage with HF; and HPLC purification is accomplished using helium saturated solvents.

30

Example 464

H-Phenylalanyl-Lysyl-(S-Benzyl)Cysteinyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

5 The octapeptide prepared in Example 463 is dissolved in
methanol saturated with ammonia to make a 0.03 M solution
under a nitrogen atmosphere, and the resultant solution is
chilled to 0 °C. Benzyl bromide (1.3 equivalents) is
introduced neat, and the reaction mixture is stirred for 1
10 hour at 0 °C. The entire reaction mixture is poured into
water followed by trifluoroacetic acid addition to obtain a
pH of 2. The product is subsequently isolated by HPLC using
solvents saturated with helium.

Example 465

2-Acetamidoacryloyl-Phenylalanyl-Arginyl-Aspartyl-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-{(2S)-2-Amino-3-cyclohexylpropanoyl}-Leucyl-DAlanyl-Arginyl-OH

Excess 2-acetamido acrylic acid isobutyl mixed anhydride
in tetrahydrofuran, prepared from 2-acetamido acrylic acid
and isobutyl chloroformate by the standard method, is added
into a stirred 0 °C solution of the peptide prepared in
Example 65 in 0.1 N aqueous sodium bicarbonate containing
sufficient acetonitrile to produce a homogenous solution.
After stirring for 6 hours at 0 °C, the reaction mixture is
brought to pH 2, and the peptide is purified by reverse phase
HPLC followed by lyophilization.

The foregoing examples are merely illustrative of the invention and are not intended to limit the invention to the disclosed compounds. Variations and changes which are obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be within

the scope and nature of the invention which is defined in the appended claims.

WE CLAIM:

1. An anaphylotoxin activity modulating compound of the formula:

5

A-B-D-E-G-J-L-M-Q-T

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, or amides thereof wherein the groups A through T have the values:

10

A is R₁-R₂-R₃;

B is selected from R₄-R₅-R₆, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

D is selected from R₇-R₈-R₉, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

E is selected from R₁₀-R₁₁-R₁₂, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

G is selected from R₁₃-R₁₄-R₁₅, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

15

J is selected from R₁₆-R₁₇-R₁₈, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

L is selected from R₁₉-R₂₀-R₂₁, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

M is selected from R₂₂-R₂₃-R₂₄, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

Q is selected from R₂₅-R₂₆-R₂₇, R₃₁, R₃₂, R₃₅ and R₃₇;

20

T is R₂₈-R₂₉-R₃₀;

B and **D**, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and R₄₃;

25

D and **E**, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and R₄₃;

E and **G**, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and R₄₃;

30

G and **J**, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and R₄₃;

J and L, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and R₄₃;

5 L and M, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and R₄₃;

M and Q, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from R₃₃, R₃₄, R₃₈, R₃₉, R₄₀, R₄₁, R₄₂, and R₄₃, and

10 one or more of the groups R₅-R₆-R₇, R₈-R₉-R₁₀, R₁₁-R₁₂-R₁₃, R₁₄-R₁₅-R₁₆, R₁₇-R₁₈-R₁₉, R₂₀-R₂₁-R₂₂, R₂₃-R₂₄-R₂₅, or R₂₆-R₂₇-R₂₈, independently may optionally represent R₃₆; wherein

15 (a) R₁ is selected from the group consisting of amino, (lower alkyl)amino, dialkylamino, (arylalkyl)amino, hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, arylalkoxy, acetamido, thioalkoxy, halogen, aryl, lower alkyl, arylalkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, heterocyclic, arylamino, and hydrogen;

20 (b) R₂ is selected from the group consisting of >CR₉₉R₁₀₀, >C=CR₉₅R₉₆, existing in either the Z- or E-configuration, oxygen, amino, and alkylamino, with the proviso that when R₂ is oxygen, amino or alkylamino, R₁ is aryl, lower alkyl, arylalkyl or (heterocyclic)alkyl;

25

30

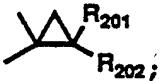
(c) R_3 is selected from the group consisting of
 $>C=O$, $>CH_2$, $>C=S$, $>SO_2$, with the proviso that
when R_3 is $>CH_2$ or $>SO_2$ then R_2 cannot be
oxygen, amino or alkylamino;

5

(d) R_4 is selected from the group consisting of
 $>CH_2$, $>O$, $>S$, and $>NR_{101}$ where R_{101} is
hydrogen, lower alkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl,
hydroxy or alkoxy, with the proviso that when
10 R_4 is $>O$ or $>S$ then R_1 , R_2 and R_3 taken
together represent a group selected from lower
alkyl, arylalkyl, aryl or hydrogen;

10

(e) R_5 is selected from the group consisting of
15 $>CR_{201}R_{202}$, $>NR_{203}$, $>C=CR_{205}R_{206}$, existing
in either the Z- or E-configuration, and
substituted cyclopropyl of the formula



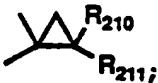
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(f) R_6 , R_9 , R_{12} , R_{15} , R_{18} , R_{21} , and R_{24} are
independently selected from the group
consisting of $>C=O$, $>CH_2$, $-CH_2C(O)-$, $-NHC(O)-$,
 $>C=S$, $>SO_2$, and $>P(O)X$ where X is selected
from hydroxy, alkoxy, amino, alkylamino and
dialkylamino;

25

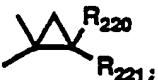
(g) R_7 , R_{10} , R_{13} , R_{16} , R_{19} , R_{22} , R_{25} are
independently selected from $>CH_2$ and $>NR_{50}$
where R_{50} is selected from the group
30 consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl,
arylalkyl, aryl, hydroxy and alkoxy;

(h) R_8 is selected from the group consisting of
 $>CR_{210}R_{211}$, $>NR_{213}$, $>C=CR_{215}R_{216}$, existing in
either the Z- or E-configuration, and
substituted cyclopropyl of the formula



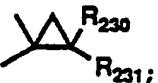
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(i) R_{11} is selected from the group consisting of
 $>CR_{220}R_{221}$, $>NR_{223}$, $>C=CR_{225}R_{226}$, existing in
either the Z- or E-configuration, and
substituted cyclopropyl of the formula



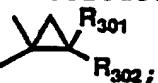
10

(j) R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of
 $>CR_{230}R_{231}$, $>NR_{233}$, $>C=CR_{235}R_{236}$, existing
in either the Z- or E-configuration, and
substituted cyclopropyl of the formula



15

(k) R_{17} is selected from the group consisting of
 $>CR_{301}R_{302}$, $>NR_{303}$, $>C=CR_{305}R_{306}$, existing in
either the Z- or E-configuration, and
substituted cyclopropyl of the formula



20

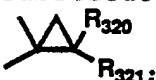
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(l) R_{20} is selected from the group consisting of
 $>CR_{310}R_{311}$, $>NR_{313}$, $>C=CR_{315}R_{316}$, existing in
either the Z- or E-configuration, and
substituted cyclopropyl of the formula



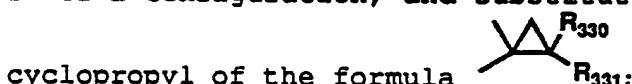
5

(m) R_{23} is selected from the group consisting of
 $>CR_{320}R_{321}$, $>NR_{323}$, $>C=CR_{325}R_{326}$, existing in
either the Z- or E-configuration, and
substituted cyclopropyl of the formula



10

(n) R_{26} is selected from the group consisting of
 $>CR_{330}R_{331}$, $>C=CR_{335}R_{336}$, existing in either the
Z- or E-configuration, and substituted



15

(o) R_{27} is selected from the group consisting of
 $>C=O$, $>CH_2$, $-CH_2C(O)-$, $>C=S$, $>SO_2$, and $>P(O)X$
wherein X is selected from hydroxy, alkoxy,
amino, alkylamino and dialkylamino;

20

(p) R_{28} is selected from the group consisting of
 $>O$, $>S$, $>CH_2$, and $>NR_{109}$ where R_{109} is
selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl,
(heterocyclic)alkyl, and arylalkyl, with the
proviso that when R_{27} is $>SO_2$ or $>P(O)X$, then
 R_{28} is $>O$ or $>NR_{109}$;

25

(q) R₂₉ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, arylalkyl, and >NR₁₁₀ where R₁₁₀ is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, and arylalkyl, with the provisos that

5

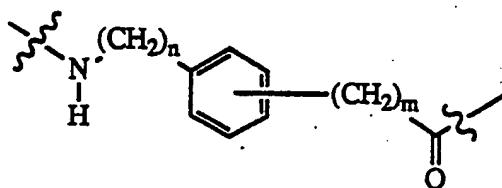
- (i) when R_{28} is $>O$, or $>S$ then R_{29} is lower alkyl or arylalkyl, and
- (ii) when R_{29} is hydrogen, lower alkyl, or arylalkyl then R_{30} is absent;

10

(r) R₃₀ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, lower alkyl, and arylalkyl;

15

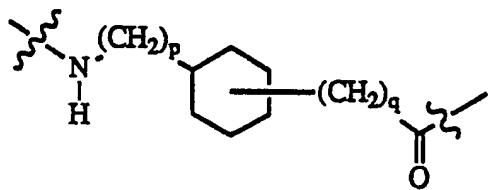
(s) R₃₁ is



where m and n are integers independently selected from 0, 1 and 2;

20

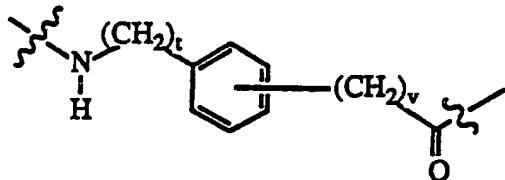
(t) R_{32} is



where p and q are integers independently selected from 0, 1 and 2;

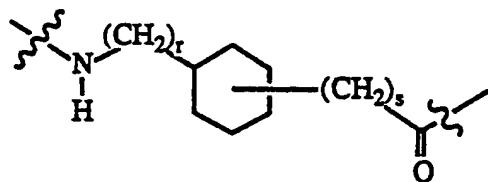
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(u) R₃₃ is

5

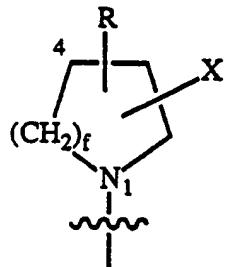
where t and v are integers independently selected from 0, 1, 2 and 3;

(v) R₃₄ is

10

where r and s are integers independently selected from 0, 1, 2 and 3;

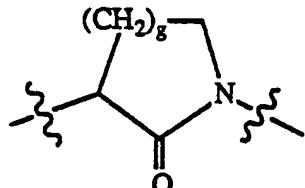
15

(w) R₃₅ is

where f is an integer of 0 to 3, X is selected from >C=O and -CH₂- and R is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl, with the provisos that

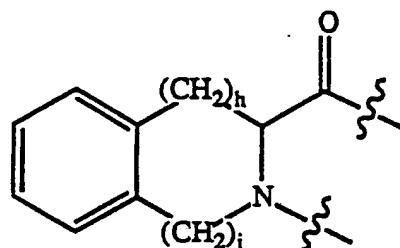
- (i) when f is 0, X is at C-2 and R is at C-3 or C-4;
- (ii) when f is 1, X is at C-2 and R is at C-3, C-4 or C-5 and C-3,4 are saturated or unsaturated;
- (iii) when f is 2, X is at C-2, C-3 or C-4 and R is at C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5 or C-6 when the position is unoccupied by X and C-3,4 or C-4,5 are saturated or unsaturated; and
- (iv) when f is 3, X is at C-2, C-3 or C-4 and R is at C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, C-6 or C-7 when the position is unoccupied by X and C-3,4 or C-4,5 or C-5,6 are saturated or unsaturated;

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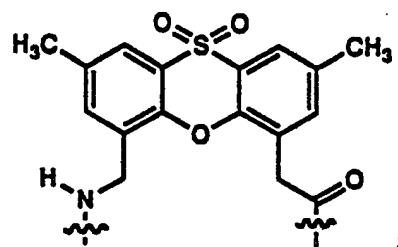
(x) R₃₆ is

where g is an integer of from 0 to 3;

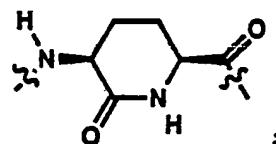
5

(y) R₃₇ is

10

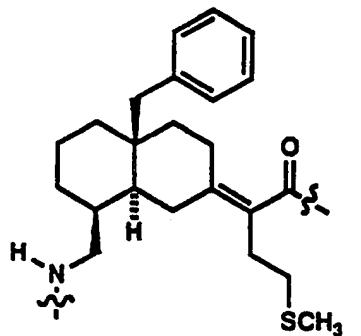
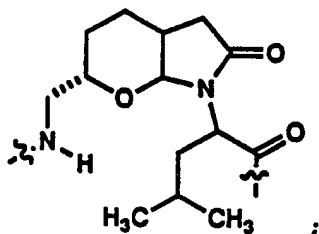
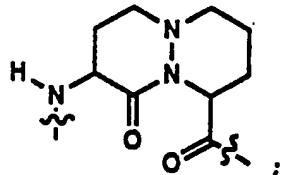
wherein h is 0 or 1 and j is 0 or 1 with
the proviso that either h or j must be 1;(z) R₃₈ is

15

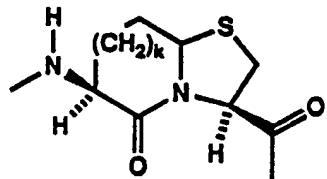
(aa) R₃₉ is

20

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(ab) R₄₀ is(ac) R₄₁ is(ad) R₄₂ is

10

(ae) R₄₃ is

where k is an integer of from zero to two;

15

(af) R₁ and R₂, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from aryl, heterocyclic, or hydrogen;

(ag) R₆ and R₇; R₉ and R₁₀; R₁₂ and R₁₃; R₁₅ and R₁₆; R₁₈ and R₁₉; R₂₁ and R₂₂; and R₂₄ and R₂₅, each pair taken together,
optionally and independently represent a group
selected from >CH₂, -(CH₂)₃-, -CH=CH-, -C≡C-,
-C(=CH₂)CH₂-, -CH(OH)CH₂-, -C(O)O-, -C(O)S-,
-CH₂C(O)O-, -CH₂C(O)S-, -CH₂O-, -CH₂S-, and
-NHC(O)-, with the provisos that

(i) when R₅ is >NR₂₀₃ or >C=CR₂₀₅R₂₀₆, R₆ and R₇, taken together, represent -C(O)NH- or -C(O)NCH₃-;

(ii) when R₈ is >NR₂₁₃ or >C=CR₂₁₅R₂₁₆, R₉ and R₁₀, taken together, represent -C(O)NH- or -C(O)NCH₃-;

(iii) when R₁₁ is >NR₂₂₃ or >C=CR₂₂₅R₂₂₆, R₁₂ and R₁₃, taken together represent -C(O)NH- or -C(O)NCH₃-;

(iv) when R₁₄ is >NR₂₃₃ or >C=CR₂₃₅R₂₃₆, R₁₅ and R₁₆, taken together, represent -C(O)NH- or -C(O)NCH₃-;

(v) when R₁₇ is >NR₃₀₃ or >C=CR₃₀₅R₃₀₆, R₁₈ and R₁₉, taken together, represent -C(O)NH- or -C(O)NCH₃-;

(vi) when R₂₀ is >NR₃₁₃ or >C=CR₃₁₅R₃₁₆, R₂₁ and R₂₂, taken together, represent -C(O)NH- or -C(O)NCH₃-;

(vi.i) when R₂₃ is >NR₃₂₃ or >C=CR₃₂₅R₃₂₆, R₂₄ and R₂₅, taken together, represent -C(O)NH- or -C(O)NCH₃-;

(ah) R₂₉ and R₃₀, taken together, optionally

represent a group selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, or alkoxy, with the proviso that when R₂₈ is >O or >S then R₂₉ and R₃₀, taken together, represent hydrogen;

5

(ai) R₁, R₂ and R₃, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from lower alkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, hydroxy, alkoxy, hydrogen, an N-terminal protecting group or peptide fragment of 1-8 residues similarly protected wherein each of the amino acids comprising the peptide fragment is independently selected from the 20 naturally occurring amino acids;

10

(aj) R₂₈, R₂₉ and R₃₀, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from an amino acid or dipeptide selected from the 20 naturally occurring amino acids;

15

(ak) R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄, taken together, optionally represents a group selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, arylalkyl, aryl, heterocyclic, or H₂NC(O)-, with the proviso that when R₅ is >CH₂ then R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄, taken together, may not be hydrogen;

20

(al) R₂₇, R₂₈, R₂₉ and R₃₀, taken together, optionally represent a group selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, or arylalkyl;

25

(am) R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄ and R₅, taken together,

30

optionally represent an aryl or heterocyclic group;

(an) R₉₅, R₉₆, R₂₀₅, R₂₀₆, R₂₁₅, R₂₁₆, R₂₂₅, R₂₂₆,

5 R₂₃₅, R₂₃₆, R₃₀₅, R₃₀₆, R₃₁₅, R₃₁₆, R₃₃₅ and
R₃₃₆ are independently selected from the group
consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl,
arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, amidoalkyl,
(carboxyamido)alkyl, ureidoalkyl,
10 (heterocyclic)alkyl, and halosubstituted
alkyl;

(ao) R₉₉, R₂₀₂, R₂₁₁, R₂₂₁, R₂₃₁, R₃₀₂, R₃₁₁, R₃₂₁
and R₃₃₁ are independently selected from

15 hydrogen and lower alkyl;

(ap) R₁₀₀ is selected from the group consisting of
hydrogen, lower alkyl, arylalkyl,
(cycloalkyl)alkyl, aminoalkyl,
20 (alkylamino)alkyl, hydroxyalkyl,
guanidinoalkyl, carboxyalkyl,
(heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl,
arylalkoxy, and sulphydrylalkyl;

25 (aq) R₂₀₁ is selected from the group consisting of
hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkenyl, aryl,
arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aminoalkyl,
amidoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, guanidinoalkyl,
carboxyalkyl, (carboxyamido)alkyl,
30 (carboxyhydrazino)alkyl, ureidoalkyl,
(heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl,
sulphydrylalkyl, (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl,

(thioarylalkoxy)alkyl, protected sulfhydrylalkyl, and halosubstituted alkyl;

5 (ar) R₂₀₃, R₂₁₃, R₂₂₃, R₂₃₃, R₃₀₃, and R₃₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkenyl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aminoalkyl, amidoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, guanidinoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, (carboxyamido)alkyl, (carboxyhydrazino)alkyl, ureidoalkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, sulfhydrylalkyl, (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl, (thioarylalkoxy)alkyl, or protected sulfhydrylalkyl with the proviso that none of R₂₀₃, R₂₁₃, R₂₂₃, R₂₃₃, R₃₀₃, or R₃₁₃ may be a vinyl group or have a heteroatom directly attached to the nitrogen or separated from it by one methylene unit;

10
15
20
25
30 (as) R₂₁₀ is hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aminoalkyl, amidoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, guanidinoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, (carboxyamido)alkyl, ureidoalkyl, (carboxyhydrazino)alkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, sulfhydrylalkyl, (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl, (thioarylalkoxy)alkyl, protected sulfhydrylalkyl, or halosubstituted alkyl;

5 (at) R₂₂₀, R₂₃₀, R₃₀₁, R₃₁₀, and R₃₃₀ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aminoalkyl, amidoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, guanidinoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, (carboxyamido)alkyl, (carboxyhydrazino)alkyl, ureidoalkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, sulfhydrylalkyl, (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl, (thioarylalkoxy)alkyl, protected sulfhydrylalkyl, or halosubstituted alkyl;

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15 (au) R₃₂₀ and R₃₂₃ are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, benzyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, -(alkylene)-C(O)NR₃₄₀R₃₄₁, -(alkylene)-NR₃₄₂R₃₄₃, -(alkylene)-NR₃₄₄C(O)R₃₄₅, hydroxyalkyl, guanidinoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, (carboxyhydrazino)alkyl, ureidoalkyl, heterocyclic substituted methyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, sulfhydrylalkyl, (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl, protected sulfhydrylalkyl, and halosubstituted alkyl, where R₃₄₀, R₃₄₁, R₃₄₂, and R₃₄₃ are independently selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and R₃₄₄ and R₃₄₅ are independently selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, and halosubstituted lower alkyl, with the proviso that R₃₂₃ may not be a vinyl group or have a

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heteroatom directly attached to the nitrogen or separated from it by one methylene unit;

(av) R₃₂₅ and R₃₂₆ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, -(alkylene)-NR₃₄₄C(O)R₃₄₅, (carboxyamido)alkyl, ureidoalkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, and halosubstituted alkyl, where R₃₄₄ and R₃₄₅ are as defined above;

(aw) R₂₀₁ and R₂₀₂, R₂₁₀ and R₂₁₁, R₂₂₀ and R₂₂₁, R₂₃₀ and R₂₃₁, R₃₀₁ and R₃₀₂, R₃₁₀ and R₃₁₁, R₃₂₀ and R₃₂₁, and R₃₃₀ and R₃₃₁, each pair taken together, independently may optionally represent -(CH₂)_z- where z is an integer of from 2 to 6;

all of the foregoing with the provisos that

(i) when more than one sulfhydrylalkyl is present in the compound, the compound exists in the oxidized disulfide form producing a cyclic molecule, or the two sulfhydryl moieties are connected by a C₂ to C₈ alkylene chain and

(ii) when the compound contains a free amino group and carboxyl group, they can be cyclized to give the corresponding lactam.

30 2. A compound as defined by Claim 1 wherein R₄, R₇, R₁₀, R₁₃, R₁₆, R₁₉, R₂₂, and R₂₅ are independently selected from >NH and >N-(lower alkyl).

3. A compound as defined by Claim 1 wherein R₆, R₉, R₁₂, R₁₅, R₁₈, R₂₁, R₂₄, and R₂₇ are independently selected from >C=O and >CH₂.

5 4. A compound as defined by Claim 1 wherein R₅ is selected from >CR₂₀₁R₂₀₂; >NR₂₀₃; >C=CR₂₀₅R₂₀₆, existing in the Z- or E-configuration; and substituted cyclopropyl of the formula 

10 where R₂₀₁ is selected from lower alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, amidoalkyl, (carboxyamido)alkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, (thioarylalkoxy)alkyl, protected sulfhydrylalkyl, and halosubstituted alkyl;

15 R₂₀₂ and R₂₀₅ are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and lower alkyl;

20 R₂₀₃ is selected from the group consisting of selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, alkenyl, arylalkyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, amidoalkyl, (carboxyamido)alkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl, (thioalkoxy)alkyl, (thioarylalkoxy)alkyl, or 25 protected sulfhydrylalkyl, with the proviso that R₂₀₃ may not be a vinyl group or have a heteroatom directly attached to the nitrogen or separated from it by one methylene group; and

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R₂₀₆ is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl; aryl; arylalkyl; (cycloalkyl)alkyl; amidoalkyl; (carboxyamido)alkyl; (heterocyclic)alkyl; and halosubstituted alkyl.

5. A compound as defined in Claim 1 wherein R₈ is selected from the group consisting of >CR₂₁₀R₂₁₁; >NR₂₁₃; >C=CR₂₁₅R₂₁₆, existing in either the Z- or E- configuration;

10 and substituted cyclopropyl of the formula where



15 R₂₁₀ is selected from the group consisting of arylalkyl; aminoalkyl; guanidinoalkyl; (heterocyclic)alkyl; (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl;

20 R₂₁₁ and R₂₁₅ selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl;

25 R₂₁₃ is selected from the group consisting of arylalkyl; aminoalkyl; guanidinoalkyl; (heterocyclic)alkyl; and (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl; with the proviso that R₂₁₃ may not have a heteroatom directly attached to the nitrogen or separated from it by one methylene unit; and

30 R₂₁₆ is selected from arylalkyl and (heterocyclic)alkyl.

6. A compound as defined by Claim 1 wherein R₂₆ is selected from the group consisting of >CR₃₃₀R₃₃₁; >C=CR₃₃₅R₃₃₆, existing in either the Z- or E-configuration; and

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substituted cyclopropyl of the formula  where

R₃₃₀ is selected from the group consisting of arylalkyl, aminoalkyl, guanidinoalkyl, (heterocyclic)alkyl and (aminothioalkoxy)alkyl.

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R₃₃₁ and R₃₃₅ are independently selected from hydrogen or lower alkyl; and

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R₃₃₆ is selected from arylalkyl and (heterocyclic)alkyl.

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7. A method for modulating anaphylatoxin activity in a mammal in need of such treatment, comprising administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1.

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8. An anaphylatoxin modulating composition comprising a pharmaceutical carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.